Argentine warship sunk

BUENOS AIRES (R) - The Argentine military high command said Monday its cruiser General Belgrano, Argentina's second biggest warship, was presumed sunk after being torpedoed by a British submarine in the South Atlantic Sunday. The high command said earlier the 13,645-tonne ship had been hit by one torpedo outside the 200-mile blockade zone which Britain imposed around the Falkland (Malvinas) Islands last Friday. In a later communique it said: "The joint chiefs of staff communicate that as a result of the attack suffered by the cruiser General Belgrano...it is presumed to have sunk."

Volume 7, Number 1952

AMMAN, TUESDAY MAY 4, 1982 - RAJAB 11, 1402

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Customs intercept gold haul

AMMAN (Petra) - Ministry of Finance and Customs officials said. that Al Durrah customs post employees confiscated 2,000 ounces of gold Munday. They added that this quantity of gold was being smuggled into Jordan in a taxi. The gold was valued at JD 296,000.

King Hassan to visit U.S.

RABAT (R) — King Hassan of Morocco will make an official visit to the United States from May 18 to 20 for talks with President Reagan and other U.S. leaders, the royal palace announced Monday. The Moroccan monarch last visited the United States in November 1978. His official visit follows a rapprochement between the two countries in the past eight months, especially in the military

Prices go up in Israel

TEL AVIV (R) - The Israeli finance ministry Monday announced 10 to 25 per cent price rises on most basic food items and services. A spokesman said the increases were necessary to head off the need for the government to raise its subsidies on basic foodstuffs and services. The list of affected items includes bread, margarine, cooking oil, dairy products and public transport. The spokesman also said the rises were part of the government's campaign against inflation, now run-ning at just over 100 per cent annually.

WHO opens annual session

GENEVA(R) - The World Heaits annual session Monday with delegates expected to come under pressure to regulate drug sales in the Third World. The WHO assembly, attended by about 1,000 delegates including over 80 health ministers, last year adopted a code banning aggressive sales campaigns for baby food in developing countries.

Leaks force French reactor to close down

PARIS (R) - France has stopped indefinitely its most advanced nuclear research reactor after reports of leaking sodium, official sources said Monday. They said however that neither individuals nor the environment were endangered by the leaks at the Marconle nuclear centre in southern France last Thursday and Friday. The small 250-megawatt reactor went into operation in 1973. It is a prototype for the advanced Super Phenix reactors being developed by France. The controversial reactors produce a by-product of plu-tonium which can be used to fuel atomic reactors or in weapons. The first full-scale Super Phenix reactor, at Creys-Malville near Lyons, is due to go into service in late 1983. The sources said there was no question of shutting down the 1,200-megawatt reactor by letting its atomic core cool but all other operations, such as electricity production, were stopped and an investigation was under

Prague expels

Portuguese diplomats VIENNA (R) — Czechoslovakia Monday expelled the Portuguese ambassador to Prague and an embassy counsellor in retaliation for Lisbon's expulsion of its ambassador and a third secretary, the official Ceteka news agency reported. Ceteka said the reason for the expulsion of the Portuguese was "activity incompatible with the status of diplomatic representatives." It added that Lisbon's expulsion of Czechoslovak Ambassador Jan Janik, the highestranking East European diplomat expelled since Portugal established diplomatic relations with the Soviet bloc in 1974, was an "unprecedented and unsubstantiated step in glaring contravention of the generally recngnised standards of international law." Portugal ordered the two diplomats to leave within five days after accusing them of interfering in the country's internal affairs.

Israelis seal off Palestinian homes

100

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Israeli lective punishments provoked occupation forces have sealed the more violence. homes of two West Bank Palestinian teenagers who planted a mine which injured an Israeli soldier, a military spokesman said

He said troops Sunday night sealed with cement the family houses of Mohammad Abdul Aziz Sabatin and Ismail Kurd Hama-mra, both 17, in the village of Housan near Bethlehem.

Military sources said the families of the two youths were ordered to remove their belongings and evacuate the buildings and were standing outside their homes in the early morning hours as the soldiers sealed all entrances.

The spokesman said the two teenagers had confessed to planting an anti-personnel mine near their village two weeks ago. Military sources said an Israeli soldier lost a leg when he hit the device.

Palestinians in the occupied territories have sharply criticised previous cases in which the Israelis carried out house closures and demolitions and said such colmore violence.

The latest punitive measures came amid continued Palestinian uprising in the occupied West Bank. An Israeli civilian, believed to be a Jewish settler, Sunday shot and seriously injured a 14year-old Palestinian girl after his car was stoned in the Al Aroub refugee camp near Hebron.

Military and police spokesmen refused to say whether the identity of the Israeli involved in the shooting was known or whether an arrest warrant bad been issued.

The incident again fuelled a controversy over the arming of Jewish settlers in Israeli-occupied regions. Many of the Israelis who have set up homes in territories seized in 1967 travel in the area armed with weapons issued by the

The military sources said the Jerusalem-Tel Aviv train came under a hail of stones Monday morning as it passed by the village of Batir. An army patrol was pelted with stones in Ramallah where youths also blocked roads with burning tyres.

Begin vows never to return Arab lands

TEL AVIV (Agencies) - Prime Minister Menachem Begin spoke Monday of eventually extending Israeli sovereignty over occupied Arab land and said his government would never again uproot Jewish settlements in the occupied territories.

In a policy statement to the Knesset (parliament), he also told Egypt that any violation of the Camp David treaty would lead to swift Israeli retaliation.

speech since Israel completed its year when he may face a general and handed the peninsula hack to

Mr. Begin, facing serious Pal-estinian uprising in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, firmly reiterated that Israel would not give up control of the territories. "When the time comes for the

application of our national sovereignty over Judea, Samaria (Israeli names for the occupied West Bank) and the Gaza district, we shall continue to maintain full autonomy for the Arab inhabitants, as was agreed at Camp David," he said.

Under the Camp David accords, Egypt, Israel and the United States are pledged to negotiate a system of self-rule for the Palestinians in the occupied West Bank and Gaza.

Israel has previously said that after a five-year interim period it will claim sovereignty over the areas. Monday, Mr. Begin used the term "application of sovereignty."

The "autonomy" negotiations have so far failed to make progress and Egypt and Israel remain deeply divided on the powers to be given to the Palestinians.

To complete the handover of Smai, Israel evacuated settlers from the area and razed set-

Since then the government has inaugurated 10 new settlements in the remaining occupied territories.

Mr. Begin's new hard line, implicitly rejecting the trading of territory for peace agreements, has been portrayed hy some commentators as partly aimed at It was Mr. Begin's first major appeasing ultra-nationalists in a

> Opposition leader Shimon Peres, replying to the speech, said Mr.Begin had once pledged never to uproot the Sinai settlements. The new statement was a sign of Mr. Begin's had conscience, he

The Labour opposition was still against the huilding of settlements in populated Arab districts, which bad begun under Mr. Begin's rule.

The debate took place at the opening of the Knesset's summer session. The government, which has only a one seat majority in the 120-member assembly, has been fighting for survival since its formation last July.

Although it has been seeking support from small independent parties, Mr. Begin has spoken of the possibility of early elections. with November the most widely mentioned date.

The 700-metre coastal strip at Taba, south of the Israeli port of Eilat, had at one stage threatened to delay Israel's final withdrawal from Sinai last week.

The Egyptian delegation, led by Gen. Mohsen Hamdi, consists of legal advisers and foreign ministry

Jordan, Turkey sign banking memo

AMMAN (Petra) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan received at his office on Monday Turkish Central Bank Governor Osman Sukral and

During the meeting, they discussed economic and trade relations between the two countries and reviewed the economic cooperation agreements in this connection. They also discussed the possibility of building new cooperation based on raising the averages of trade and economic exchange as well as cooperation in the field of setting up joint investment projects.

The meeting was attended by Central Bank of Jordan Governor Mohammad Sa'id Al Nahulsi and Turkish Ambassador in Amman Rasbad Arem.

Prime Minister Mudar Badran also received in his office the Turkish guest and his delegation along with Dr. Nabulsi and Mr. Arem.

Later in the day, the Jordanian and Turkish banks signed a memorandum of understanding on financial and banking cooperation. Dr. Nabulsi signed the memorandum for the Jordanian side, and Mr. Sukral signed for the Turkish side.

The memorandum stipulates the termination of the payments agreement concluded between the two countries in 1978 and the return to transferrable currency as a basis for settling trade payments between the two countries as of May 10.

The signing of the memorandum is part economic and trade cooperation protoccluded between the two countries.

Iraq awaits Red Cross to bury Iranian bodies

BAGHDAD (Agencies] — Iraq reported Monday that Iranian corpses littered the battlefield following Iran's latest Gulf war offensive launched last Friday, but reported no fresh fighting overnight or

The Iraqi News Agency (INA) quoted Baghdad press reports as saying thousands of Iranian bodies were scattered across a battlefield near Susangerd in Iran's southwestern oil-producing province of

In some places up to 37 corpses were counted over every 20 square metres, the reports said.

They quoted an Iraqi officer as saying his troops were waiting for Red Cross missions to arrive to handle burials.

The reports quoted by INA said Iraqi forces had repulsed two Iranian attacks in the Susangerd region.

Correspondents of the Baghdad daily Al Thawra quoted the commander of Iraq's Fourth Army, stationed further north, as saying his

troops remained well-entrenched after fighting off five Iranian assauhs near the town of Shush. Iraq has already said it believes the Iranian moves near Sbush were

a diversion to take pressure off Iranian forces further south. The latest INA despatch did not say what was happening on the West Bank of the Karun River, where the Iranians established a bridgehead last Friday. Earlier Iraqi reports predicted imminent victory in this sector.

An Iraqi military spokesman Monday denied what he said were Iranian claims of having shot down 12 Iraqi planes in the latest offensive. He said Iraq had lost only one plane. INA reported.

In a later communique. Iraq said that it has tightened its encirclement on the Iranian forces in Al Tahiri-Jisr Halouh area in Ahwa sector and that the position of the Iranian forces there is desperate. The communique said the Iraqi forces dealt beavy blows to the. Iranian forces in the area and inflicted on them heavy casualties and

"These forces remain in a state of desperate encirclement and they have no alternative other than death or surrender," the communique

The communique put Iranian casualties in this sector at 2,407 men killed in addition to a large number of wounded. The communique put Iranian total casualues in the last 24 hours of comhai in the various sectors at 4,236 men killed.

The Iranians were retreating in disorder, leaving thousands of dead and wounded behind them, but new units were arriving to take their place. INA said.

In a separate report, INA said a military spokesman challenged Iranian reports that the advance force had reached the main road between the provincial capital. Ahvaz, and the southern port of

New Iranian POWs transferred to Basra BASRA (Petral - A new group

of Iranian soldiers captured by the Iraqi forces during the recent battles in the southern sector of the battlefront were taken to Basra Monday.

In a dispatch from Basra, the Iraqi News Agency (INA) said that the group included many children, aged between 14 and 16 years. It added that Iraqi authorities immediately took the wounded prisoners to hospital for treatment in preparation for taking them to Baghdad. A number of prisoners told the agency correspondent in Basra that surrender has saved them from sure death. Some prisoners said that Iraqi forces attacked them fiercely from all sides, capturing some of them and killing many others.

Other prisoners told the agency that Iraqi forces bad ambushed them and then encircled them. First and second class preparatory students were among the pris-

Senegalese envoy arrives

AMMAN (Peira) — Musiafa Al Sisi, the private adviser of Senegalese President Abdou Diouf. arrived in Amman on Monday for a two-day visit to Jordan during which he will meet with His Majesty King Hussein and deliver to him a letter from the Senegalese president.

In a statement to the correspondent of the Jordan News: Agency, Petra, Mr. Sisi said the visit is part of the efforts to strengthen relations between the two countries. These relations have been progressing since the convocation of the Islamic summit in Ta'if last year, when the Jordanian and Senegalese leaders mei and affirmed the significance of reinforcing Islamic solidarity and activating Arab-African dialogue.

Austrian interior minister arrives

'AMMAN (Petra) - Austrian Interior Minister Eric Lanc arrived in Amman Monday for a sixday visit to Jordan. During the visit, Mr. Lane will discuss with Jordanian officials ways of strengthening cooperation between Jordan and Austria. Mr. Lanc was met at the airport by Interior Minister Ahmad Obeidat, the Public Security director, the Civil Defence director and the Austrian ambassador in Amman.

Argentine warship torpedoed

Galtieri rejects peace proposals

LONDON (R) - Argentina reje- day morning and another with it cted new U.S. peace proposals was damaged by helicopters from Monday after Britain's war fleet the naval fleet Britain has sent to torpedoed an Argentine cruiser and sank a patrol boat off the Falk-

The ruling military junta in Buenos Aires said the plan was unsatisfactory and that the attack on the cruiser, its second largest warship, worsened the crisis.

British Foreign Secretary Francis Pym. in the United States for talks with American and U.N. leaders, stressed that his government was determined to succeed militarily if negotiations fai-

The conflict has sharpened rapidly since the weekend when Britain launched air raids against military targets on its South Atlantic colony which Argentina seized last month.

Britain announced its naval attacks together with the disclosure that it has requisitioned the luxury liner Queen Elizabeth 2 to carry 3,000 extra troops to the Falk-It said the Argentine cruiser,

the 13,600-tonne General Belgrano was torpedoed by a 200-mile war zone Britain has years, could not be negotiated. declared round the islands. Argentina said it had sent ves-

sels to help the warship, a U.S.built veteran of Pearl Harbour with 1,200 men aboard. It was reported still afloat.

The patrol boat was sunk Mon-

relieve the islands, the London defence ministry said. There was no word of casualties in either incident.

Although the General Belgrano was not in the war zone, the Britisb said it was attacked because it was a threat to their armada of aircraft carriers, destroyers and submarines.

Renewed U.S. proposals to halt the conflict were relayed to Argentina by Peru.

A spokesman for President Leopoldo Galtieri suid after they were rejected that they were similar to those turned down at the end of last month.

He added: "A new aggression is added to this situation through the attack launched on the cruiser Belgrano. Unofficially reported versions

of the carlier U.S. proposals said they were based on a withdrawal from the Falklands of the 10,000 Argentine garrison in return for the removal of the British fleet.

The junta said Argentine claims in sovereignty over the Falklands, submarine Sunday just outside the which have been British for 150

The issue was not "just a little argument down in the South Atlantic..." he said. "We are talking about the right of democracies, the right of people to choose the kind of life they want for the-

Soviets rap U.K., U.S.

Sunday, saying restoration of British rule was unacceptable.

The official Soviet news agency TASS accused Washington of deliberately presenting a tough peace plan to Argentina to justify backing Britain.

Radio Moscow said the conflict was becoming more and more dangerous and the British and U.S. actions were a serious threat to world peace and security.

MOSCOW (R) - Moscow cri- A senior TASS commentator ticised Britain and the United Sta-said the Soviet position in the distes over the Falklands crisis again pute was that restoration of the colonial status of the islands was inadmissible.

> Accusing Britain of pursuing a militarist course. TASS said a peaceful settlement to the crisis should be worked out at the negotiating table.

"Any seat of tension, wherever il might flare up, is bound to become a factor towards the deterioration of the international situation as a whole." TASS said.

Reagan is receptive to Soviet leader Leonid Brezhnev's call for a summit meeting in October but has not made a final decision, a White House spokesman said Monday.

Asked about published reports that the president had decided to agree to Mr. Brezhnev's proposal, Deputy Press Secretary Larry Speakes replied: "A summit in October, yes."

But Mr. Speakes added it was too early to say if the administration would accept the specific proposal Mr. Brezhnev made

Reagan ponders Brezhnev summit WASHINGTON (R) - President on April 17 for a full-scale summin in a neutral third country such as

Finland or Switzerland.

He also said any such meeting. which would be the first between the two leaders, would have to conform to Mr. Reagan's previously outlined conditions that a summit be "well prepared in advance and hold reasonable prospects for possible results," Mr. Speakes said Mr. Reagan

was still eager to confer with Mr. Brezhnev in New York this June at the United Nations special session on nuclear arms control.

OPENING TODAY

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EL TOR Luxurious ferries

passengers and cars across the Red Sea

Tindemans reports new elements for EEC initiative BRUSSELS (R) - Belgian For-Mr. Tindemans visited Kuwait Israel, hinting that this could

eign Minister Leo Tindemans

returned here Monday from Kuwait and Saudi Arabia and said he was convinced that the Arab World wanted Europe to play a role in negotiating a Middle East peace settlement. He said he had been welcomed

and Saudi Arabia in his capacity of president of the EEC's Council of Ministers. He is due to visit Egypt later this week and Israel later this month. At a press conference Mr. Tin-

demans said government leaders he had spoken to during his visit had made clear that they would in the Middle East as an emissarv of the European Economic Community (EEC), but he made clear that at the moment there was no new EEC initiative to put forward.

welcome new proposals for dis-Mr. Tindemans referred to what he described as a new doctrine on involve a greater readiness on the part of Arab governments to recognise Israel.

An eight-point Saudi-backed peace plan that would implicitly recognise Israel was still up for discussion as a possible basis for a Middle East peace settlement, Mr. Tindemans said. The plan was to be discussed by

Arab leaders in Fez. Morocco.

when they meet next. But the cen-

tral problem brought bome to him

in Kuwait and Saudi Arabia was the future of the Palestinians. Mr. Tindemans said his talks had shown that a number of ele-

ments existed which could serve as

a basis for work towards a peace

He said his conversations were . exploratory and EEC foreign ministers would be examining the prospects for a new Middle East initiative at an informal meeting in Belgium next weekend.

Tehran claims dealing 'heavy blow' to Mujahedeen

LONDON (R) - Iranian security forces killed or arrested more than 50 leading members of the Mujahedeen-e-Khalq organisation in raids on their hideouts in Tehran Monday, Tehran Radio said.

The radio described the raids as a heavy blow to the Mujahedeen It said more than 11 guerrilla bases had been destroyed and security forces had seized documents which would help them track

down other guerrillas. It named what it said were ten top members of the Mujahedeen killed in the operation. At least two of them, Fazlollah Tadayun and Hamid Khadami were the organisation's candidates for the Majlis (parliament) elections two years ago. Three women were among those-killed. A spokesman for the Mujahedeen in Paris told Reuters by tele-

phone the hideouts had been captured after an eight-hour gunbattle.

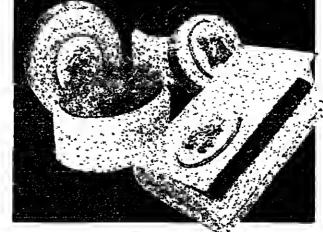
He said many revolutionary guards had been killed.

Tehran Radio also said Monday that Iran's second-ranking spiritual leader. Ayatollah Shariat-Madari, had apologised to judicial authorities for failing to report to the government an alleged cour plot discovered last month. Former Iranian Foreign Minister Sadeq Qotbzadeh, arrested last

month for masterminding the plot, implicated Ayatollah Shariat-Madari in an interrogation. The clergyman has denied any involvement. He has admitted that he had been approached in connection with the conspiracy but had

refused to give any help. The head of military tribunals, Hojatoleslam Mohammadi Reyshahri questioned Ayatollah Shariat-Madari about his links with Mr. Oothzadeh and asked why he had not revealed the plot in an interview shown on television Sunday night, Tehran Radio said. The spiritual leader, who is under house arrest in the holy city of Qom, reperted for not reporting the plot and asked for forgiveness.





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and development in Jordan $Part\ II$ The dynamics of change

JORDAN TIMES, TUESDAY MAY 4, 1982

By Dr. Kamel S. Abu Jaber

Changing relationships

Our discussion of the changing relationships will focus on three

The national level with the state acting like an orchestrating coo-

The changing relationships between groups, the old and the new. the variety of tensions that developed and the compromises and adjustments that have taken

The discussion will focus on the structure and relationships within the family itself as a basic unit in the social order and the variety of changes and adjustment it has undergone.

Once, the state was a mere policeman regulating socio-political traffic with hardly any interference in its citizens' affairs. It used to inspire awe and fear with the popular saving."...the sultan is he who is far from the sultan" expressing people's desire to stay away from it. The "welfare state" is now a reality of life in Jordan. Reasons for this are varied not least among them being the desire to maintain social order in a region and a century whose style has been a very active state: in fact, an allencompassing state, its activities leaving little room for privacy or private inhiative, partly in response to popular demand and partly to outbid rival political movements within Jordan or in the region. The state is omnipresent in health, education, welfare, the mass media and the economy.

A sense of belonging, rather loyalty to the state, which is esseintial in the process of nationbuilding does not come automatically especially in a country like Jordan. The government had to work for it. This is especially vital in Jordan, beset as it is by internal frictions, tribal, familial, Jordanian-Palestinian rivalries. in addition to the general tension accompaning socio-economic development. Blessed with longevity, continuity of leadership; a leadership that is also pragmatic and moderate. Jordan's national evelopment has been rather smooth and evolutionary. In contrast with some of the neighbouring countries. Jordan's experience has been rather peaceful with less social dislocation and political discomfort. Its style also can be characterised by a paternalistic approach in the political field. King Abdullah 1921-1951 and King Hussein from 1952 to the present, spoke frequently of the "Jordanian family" with the leader as its head. The concept

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was honed to fine proportions to oil the joints of development and to smnoth over the rough edges and dislocations that exist in an essentially uncertain and fragmented society.

Under its direction, help and guidance, the state encouraged the development and the rise of new groups and associations. Inirially not intended to replace the old groups, eventually and t,/ force of circumstances these ne so slowly, yet surely, replacing the old groups. Modern social security regulations replace family and clan as a source of personal and economic security. On April 6. 1977 King Hussein addressed a letter to the prime minister and the cahinet asking them to begin laying down the ground work for the enactment of a comprehensive social security law which has been enacted since then. In his letter the King wanted the law "...guaranteeing the individual worker

system of grouping and sense of belonging is slowly replacing the old. The new group's greatest advantage is that it can be defended as a more rational form of organisation. Also, that loyalty to it is not automatic but pragmatic with service rendered on a mutual basis to both the individual and the group

Within the family, great changes have also taken place. Ref-

"In contrast with some of the neighbouring countries, Jordan's experience has been rather peaceful with less social dislocation and political discomfort. Its style also can be characterised by a paternalistic approach in the political field. King Abdullah, from 1921-1951, and King Hussein, from 1952 until the present day, spoke frequently of the "Jordanian family" with the leader at its head. The concept was honed to fine proportions to oil the joints of development and to smooth over the rough edges and dislocations that exist in an essentially uncertain and fra-

and the good citizen comfort and peace of mind in case of illness, old age, and his family a decent living." The extended family, the tribe and the village elders as a form of social organisation and security are being replaced by hureaucrats, professional associations and modern husiness and interest groups. Lawyers, doctors, engineers, pharmacists, business groups, chambers of commerce and industry, the labour and trade unions and associations. teachers and intelligentsia leagues have arisen to demand the loyalty of the individual. Surely it is recognised that belonging and loyalty to these and similar groups are on more rational bases that the earlier loyalty to family clan or tribe which used to come about aut-

Thus far the two types of organisation, the old and the new, coexist side by side. Depending on the circumstances and proximity

industry begins to hire and classify would onal aspect diminishes in agrgroups and associations are e.e. .- stiture, clan and family organisation become less important as units of production...." The new

gmented society."

جالري عالية للفنون التشكيل Alia Art Gallery

or distance from urban life and organisation, the old groups are steadily, however, loosing ground. In fact a Jordanian now almost apologetically admits belonging to some clan or tribe. It is a recognised fact that urhanisation and industrialisation tend to weaken family relationships and to change their previous configurations. "As workers on a skill basis, and as the

erence has already been made to the weakening and in many cases the disappearance of tribal and familial ties. In fact, tribal and extended-family ties are invoked on only very rare occasions with

the mass of people still at the stage of wondering whether they should take them seriously or not. Notwithstanding nostalgia, in fact the cellular family is becoming the focus of individual attention. Under the impact of education and modern economy, the larger unit is no longer tenable nor desirable. More and more, individuals are thinking in terms of wife and children, not even of father and mother. Otherwise wby is there need in Jordan or elsewhere in the region for old peoples homes? The family now is ...more egaliterian and more democratic..." although respect for the elders is still invoked as a

cherished value. Even the mechanics of life within this cellular family are changing in response to the demands of modern life. The cellular family is small, moveable or easier to move and manipulate: its activities and future are mutually discussed only within its confines and planned accordingly. It has to exist independently of the extended group. The father, and now increasingly the mother or some of the children have to hold a regular joh with regular income. The children are raised with the idea that each is an individual unit having to get educated so as to compete for hetter opportunities. No longer can an individual depend or even hope to depend on others to live.

The cellular family is now in the process of becoming supreme, a trend which is essentially not found unwelcome by most, and considered "modern" or good by

The prestige of the extended family in this situation takes secondary position. Holding individual urban jobs rather than the previous communal work and living, the very pace of life has changed for the family. The rbythm is shorter, perhaps more rational, certainly more uncertain, with the individual standing, as in other modern societies, almost alone, to face the vicissitudes of life. The individual cannot, as in earlier times, depend on others. Now he has to work for himself and not others. His achievements or failures are individual and so is his prestige and standing in the com-

The interaction among groups. within groups, and also within the state as a whole, is not as tense or as complicated as many outsiders would imagine. Surely however, there is a search for smoother transition to make the potentiality an actuality; a search that the new system of authority is now see-

Changing tastes and manners

It is difficult to ascertain which first, was it tastes and manoers, or,. was it the value system and values? Surely the two are so intertwined that they are difficult to separate. Yet the distinction here is important for clarity and simplicity. Values change according to new situations, styles of living, circumstances and also in response to newly acquired knowledge. Or is it vice versa? It is a process in which values change as residence, occupation and style of Now that the rhythm of life is no

longer seasonal, depending on the nature or the whim of the landlord, one gears his life to suit his new economic situation. In urban surroundings with its new distribution system, the problem of food itself is no longer seasonal. One can think of shorter, more manageable and perhaps more rational periods of time for food shortage and consumption. Three or four decades ago, the average Jordanian household kept most of its mooneh, (food provisions non perishables) stored for the entire year. Most of the time only fresh meat, fruit, or vegetables were hought regularly. Today very few, indeed rare families care to do so, partly for economic reasons, but more importantly perhaps, because of the availability of such provisions due to modern techniques and also due to storage problems. The supermarket, or the grocery store is right around the corner and with the new division of labour, one does not have to spend an unduly long time preparing for storage of large qua-ntities of provisions for the family's needs. It makes it easier one week periods.

satisfied with the previously few stored staple items. Nor is one satisfied to spend his time, as was previously customary preparing them. All of a sudden, one has time for leisure. however meager the income, and this tends to generate new demands and needs. With the wheel becoming part of life, picnics become a respected way of spending liesure time. Vacations too eventually become a necessary way to spend spare

The change in fnod, and how one spends his leisure time is accompanied by change in dress. Western clothes slowly but surely, have replaced traditional garb. Whereas previously a woman or a man owned few items of clothing patterned after the timehonoured traditional parterns. now a person's wardrobe, especially in the major cities and towns, will includes several items. Changes in food and clothing were soon followed or rather accompanied by changes in the field of entertainment. Entertainment became a necessity for better quality living, so much so that in the same household one may find several types of music ranging from the very traditional to the classical and semi-classical music of the West today.

There now exists more variety

not only in what one wants but

also in its supply. The more Jordan's society gets exposed to modernity, the more complicated and sophisticated its pattern of life becomes. Jordan's exposure to modernity through the mass media adds a certain degree of frenzy to the intensity of doing what the average Jordanian thinks to be the right things. First, consumption, later conspicuous consumption among the middle and upper middle classes becomes the pattern of the day. Capitalist in orientation and taste, people's demands for keeping-up with their neighbours, bettering them still, becomes the new pattern of life. The changes inherent in this type of largely uoproductive society are indeed great. The conformity in demand for goods and services is one of the distinguishing traits of contemporary Jordanian society. Changing tastes, like the changing values themselves are becoming more materialistic with, often, the goods or service demanded not so much for their intrinsic value as for their conspicuous display for others to see. This, in stark contrast to the traditional pattern of consumption and expenditure and attesting to the new-found relaxation and perhaps security of

the modern era. Changing values

With changing life styles, relationships, tastes and manners, values, once cherished, are now changing or have changed altogether. The change, as stated elsewhere in this paper was initially induced by the state. Now it has generated its own seemingly irreversible momentum. While some attempts have been made by scholars, decision-makers and planners, by and large the change in the value system bave come about without pre-planning and forethought. Health, education, welfare, modern facilities, amenities, highways even have heen thought-out and planned. Yet little thought was given by planners and decision-makers as to what new values should replace the old. While the state artempts to instill new values; values like the worth and merit of women and mannual labour, respect for space and time. these came piecemeal and there was no comprehensive plan as to seem that such a comprehensive

cine: the scientific approach slowly entering transcendental. superstitious, even sorcery practices. The tea, coffee or palmreader may still exist side by side with the modern laboratory, yet he is steadily loosing ground to the logical scientific method. Materialistic middle class values, acquisitive, and to some Jordanians even capitalist values, of necessity. live forever, and for the next world as if you shall die tomorrow".

clear. In spite of the frustration and the agony caused by the pro-ximity of the Palestine problem, and the accompanying di-locations that this has caused, and in spite of the hardships of dev. clopment and change, on the individual and even the group level

tours of which are not yet very

the new estrangement and u_{NC} ertainty is demanded. It is curious that the price does not seem to be too high even on the individual level. Perhaps the pragmatism and the humane approach of the Jordanian experiment, lacking as it does the use of force in any form, made the process more palatable

easy to turn away from religion in

a society whose speech is still

much interlaced with popular and

religious sayings. Yet even here

force of religion remains strong.

to the females in the family.

Family honour, very much related

to the female members of the

family, is still exceedingly impor-

1958. Rapbael Patai, writing

about Jordan observed, ".. The

employment of women away from

their homes, increased contacts

between unrelated men and

women with a resulting loosening

of the rigid protective moves.."
Women being educated and

now participating in gainful

employment outside the home are

accepted facts. In fact it is enc-

ouraged by the government

conferences especially to focus on

this issue and to further draw more

women into ecocomic and social

activities. Women's emancipation

is no longer an issue in Jordan. It

has already become an accepted

fact with women found in fac-

tories, offices, husiness firms, the

medical and legal professions and

in almost every walk of life. Women were granted the right to

vote and to be elected to Parlia-

ment as of 1974. Three women

participated in the first National

elopment.

disappearing rapidly.

Concluding remarks

forces for change as well as the

latter description of symptoms of

change give a rather intense, per-

haps confusing picture of a society

in transition. A society in the pro-

cess of becoming something else,

The earlier cataloguing of the

Consultative Council (NCC)

the traditional meaning...

change is taking place. As early as At first it was the state, the 1958 Harris remarked. The decision-maker who realised that change or perish is a fact of life in but the secular influences of the the twentieth century. Later, the town are hringing into question desire for change filtered even to the level of the individual and the The concept of shame is still process became self-propelling. A very strong, especially as it relates few remarks concerning individual response to change seem to be appropriate at this point.

The realisation that one must tant even among the educated, change must be somewhat shoand the highly educated university cking to many. After all one has lived part of his life, in the grip of graduates, even professors. It is not uncommon to hear a professor comfortable and familiar inremarking that he had to return ditions. circumstances and resfrom Germany or America because he could not accept to ponses. True, the physical aspen of life may not have been too comhave his daughter courted by boys. fortable, yet psychologically and Yet, while the code of honour has socially the situation was familiar. seemingly remained rigid in this restful and perhaps even appeaarea, it has relaxed elsewhere. In ling. There was, after all, only one source of knowledge: The traditional. This ancestral, traditional source provided acceptable answers to most questions of life. If an answer were not found, that fact itself was explained in fatalistic terms that the. mselves were accepted and, in a sense, were comfortable too. One does not have to think too much, nor worry unduly under these circumstances. In the changing society of today's Jordan there are many answers; some traditionalisis would say too many answers some of which are undesirable; too many sources of knowledge, right, left, centre tend to be too confusing and contradictory still.

> With the emergence of the achievement-oriented society, the cellular family, cash economy and cash johs, the individual too begins to emerge. The suddenness and the speed of change adds another dimension to the situation. Is it easy to break away from the old familiar ties? Should one move to the city? Educate his daughter? Permit her to work with men? These and similar questions piled on top of other worries in new and mostly unfamiliar surroundings cause further imbalances, or strains on the alread strained self. The individual soulsearching, evaluation and recvaluation becomes a constant process as each step towards further change is taken. "Am I doing the right thing?" One asks himself. his friends, his God. The answer is never sure for no one knows the situation better than the person asking the question and cannot seem to provide himself with answers. He simply plods along.

> > The uncertainty, both ind-

ividual and national causes acrwhile four were members in the vousness until each individual second. Since 1979 one women appears to be a bundle of conhas been a member of the Jortradictions and complexes. The danian cahinet and holds the porindividual moodiness reflects itstfolio of minister of social develf in national crises whose intensity are further deepened with The previous discussion porthe frustrations caused by the trays both the breadth and depth failure to deal adequately with social attitudes and change Israel. Wavering between what towards women in the last three was, what is, and what is to be, the decades. In fact, it is now becomatmosphere, though at times bewing almost a shame for young eduildering, is hopeful, looking cated females not to seek gainful towards the future rather than facemployment. It should by now ing the past. A new identity is have been noticed that no mention emerging forged by a multiplicity was made of the veil. The reason is of factors all in the direction of that it no longer exists in any sig-nificant manner at all. The walls creating a new sense of belonging-The state, architect of this process that once existed between the of nation-building is accelerating female and the male society as exemplified by the veil have been

the process. The changes are still uneven among groups, between rural and urban areas, even within sectors of the same city, yet they are proceeding to further shatter a way of life that once was. If anything hindsight in the Arah region and in Jordan in particular, shows that modernity is a way of life. That you cannot introduce change in one segment of the society or in. one of its aspects without having it spill into other sectors and spheres of life. As Halpern once remarked, it is a "....change in what men

believe, how men act, and how men relate to each other..."

The final point is that while the Jordanians have accepted or seen to accept the tangihle ingredients. tools, ideas, methods and styles of twentieth century civilisation. there still lingers some hesitancy. some questioning. For indeed the process of change, "Modemisation must be thought of not as a simple transition from tradition to modernity but as part of an infinite continuum from the earliest times to the indefinite

are slowly replacing old fatalistic attitudes. It is discovered; and education, the mass media, seminars and symposia explain, that man has something to do with his destiny. The Islamic predilection for a compromise between this world and the next makes the process of change in this direction easier. The popular Arah saying goes. "Live in this world as if you will

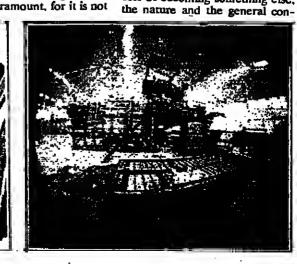
Government encourages frugality, economy and saving. While its reasoning may be different

"With changing life style (in Jordan), relationships, tastes, manners and values, once cherished, are now changing or have changed altogether. The change, as stated in this paper, was initially induced by the state. Now it has generated its own seemingly irreversible momentum. While some attempts have been made by scholars, decisionmakers and planners, the change in the value system have come about without preplanning and forethought."

from that of the individual, the end result is to encourage individuals to save for investment. Housing projects encourage an already strong penchant for the acquisition of private property. Private savings for the assurance of a personal better and securer future have replaced the communal, tribal concept of security. To further this process the government encourages the institution of savings plans, retirement schemes among private enterprise firms and itself has instituted a comprehensive national security scheme. One's personal labour, savings for the future supplemented by government services, have come to replace the earlier dependance on one's family in sickness or old age. Resolution of disputes, especially m important blood cases that may lead to feuds, once almost totally left for tribal justice, is now carried out in courts. Tribal formalities have still to be observed in serious cases, but in fact, they are more or less mere formalities replaced by state justice.

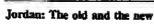
Now everyone is taught to depend on his own resources and resourcefulness. Nepotism is still strong yet it is weakening each day with the emergence of a system based on merit. The expansion of education, job opportunities and a finer division of lahour are speeding-up the emergence of meritocracy. You teach your children to depend on themselves while at the same time you teach them to continue their respect and care for the elderly in the family: Slowly, however, and with the emergence and supremacy of the cellular family, the elders are removed, or remove themselves a step away. In most cases now, neither fat-

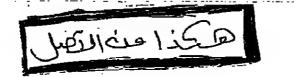
ber nor married son expects to live in the same household anymore. Respect for the elderly and a certain amount of traditional values are taught to the young and not out of nostalgia but out of genuine concern for certain honoured customs and mores. Among these values is respect for religion; rel-











University, Salt discuss decentralisation

AMMAN (Petra) — A seminar on local government in Jordan was held at the Faculty of Economics and Commerce at the University of Jordan on Monday. Several members of the teaching staff of the faculty's public administration section and members of the Salt Municipal Council participated in the seminar.

At the beginning of the seminar, Head of the Faculty's Public Administration Section. Dr. Bashir Al Khadra, thanked the Salt municipality for responding to the invitatioo to participate in the semi-

Dr. Khadra said the aim of the seminar is to discuss the problems facing the municipalities, including the local organisational and administrative structure, and the extent of enizens' cooperation

Members of the jury who judged cake decorations of

the cootest held at the Intercontineotal Hotel on

Mondoy are (from right to left) Princess Basma,

Mrs. Ghada Mu'asher, Princess Majda, Mrs. Tina

By Rula Atalia

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Under the patronage

of Her Highness Princess Basma,

a spring cake-decorating contest

took place Monday at the Int-

ercontinental Hotel here to raise

funds for the henefit of the phy-

The cootest was organised, on

personal hasis, hy Mrs. Ghada

AMMAN (Petra) - The civil

defence course for the Housing

Bank employees was concluded

on Monday at the Civil Defence

Directorate. Programmes of the

course included training on first

aid, fire-fighting, rescue opera-

tions, and applied lessons in gui-

dance, protection and public

Participants in the course saw a

practical fire-fighting experiment at the training field, and took part

in putting out the fire. They also

visited the operations room and

Amman centre where they saw the most modern equipment and

apparata used in dealing with

accidents. They also saw the urg-

ent contact operations which take

place in case of fires as well as the

safety.

sically handicapped in Jordan.

these problems. Salt Mayor Abdul Razzaq Al Nsour also addressed the seminar, pointing out the significance of popular participation to make the

local government experiment in the country succeed. Abdul Oadir Al Shavkhali, Professor of the Public Administration Section at the Faculty of Economics and Commerce.

addressing the seminar, pointed out the significance of convening such seminars and the great benefits gained by the section and the municipal couocits from the In a statement to the Jordan

News Agency, Petra, on the seminar, Dr. Shaykhali said that the seminar dealt with the issues of centralisation and dec-

Contest staged for helping the handicapped

Mr asher, and its proceeds will go

to the Hussein Society for Reh-

abilitation of the Physically Han-

dicapped io Amman and to other

After thanking Princess Basma

for attending the event and her

support for such fund-raising fun-

ctions for the benefit of the

society, a speaker on behalf of the

society, Ms. Zahieh Annab, com-

mented on how "a bit of flour.

early warning system.

Participants in the course also

heard a detailed explanation on

the duties and tasks of eivil defe-

nce and the nature of the functions

of the various departments, each

according to its own purview.

Afterwards, Assistant Civil Defe-

nee Director Brig.-Gen. Moha-

mmad Al Khasawneh met with the

ectorate to protect the property of

Thirty five participants took

part in the week-long course

which was supervised by the head

of the training section at the Civil

Defence Directorate.

families of the handicapped.

with the municipalities to resolve entralisation in administration, problems of local financing, and how municipalities could resort to financial sources to be used in productive projects bringing in continuous income to the municipalities.

Dr. Shaykhali said participants in the seminar discussed the question of expanding the base of popular panicipation in municipal elections and the relationship between the municipal council and the Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment. The participants recommended that the ministry's control over these councils be eased, giving more powers to the municipal councils and encouraging them to diversify their foreign financial sources of

Contreras and Mrs. Violet Habibi. The hotel's pub-

lic relations manager, Miss Lucie Aslou (far left).

istance and care.

and colour.

water and sugar could do so much

in serving our society and in put-

ting smiles on the faces of those

who are most in need of our ass-

success as 55 housewives par-

ticipated in the contest and 500

more attended. The cakes carried

some of the most unusual and

original decorations among which

were a knitting basket, a bridal

bed and a fruit basket which won

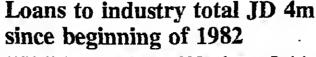
the first three prizes. Choice of the

winners were taken by a jury of 10

who gave points to the cakes

The event proved to be a great

looks on (photo by Yousef Al 'Allan)



AMMAN (Petral - The Industrial Development Bank board of administration approved giving ID 955,000 in seven loans to finance the establishment of new industrial projects and for expanding and modernising established ones.

The first three loans, totalling JD 400,000 will be used to finance a factory for producing water taps and stopcocks; a factory for making quilts, bed sheets and pillows; and a third for producing plain and lined sheets of paper and computer forms. Two loans of JD 205,000 will finance expanding and modernising the plastic brooms factory which will also begin to produce plastic mats, and for modernising the water tanks factory.

JD 350,000 will be used for purchasing raw materials for existing factories producing toilet and towel paper and bottling mineral water in plastic containers.

Bank sources said that these projects will increase the national income by JD 969,870 and will create 95 new job opportunities. They added that the bank has extended a total of ID 4,102,000 in 44 loans since the beginning of 1982.

USAID grants \$5m to Jordan

AMMAN (Petrat — The United vocational education, agriculture, States Agency for International Development (USAID) will grant Jordan \$5 million according to an agreement signed between the Jordanian and the U.S. governments at the National Planning Council (NPC) on Monday.

This grant will be used to finance a number of technical and economic feasibility studies for a number of development projects outlined in the current five-year development plan, particularly water, sewerage, public health, energy, science and technology.

This is the third grant offered to Jordan by USAID in aid of economic and technical studies for Jordanian projects. The agreement was signed for Jordan by NPC President Dr. Hanna Odeh and for the U.S. government by the U.S. charge d'affaires in Amman. The ceremooy was attended by NPC Secretary General Basel Jardaneh and a numbr of senior USAID and NPC officials.

Easier terms announced for buying Abu Nuseir houses

AMMAN (Petral - The Housing king to buy houses in the project Corporation Council met on Monday under Mr. Hassan Al Momani, minister of municipal council. The meeting decided to receiving their housing units. cut down the first instalment of the price of housing units in Abu Nuseir Housing Estate to 10 per cent instead of 15 per cent of the total

Housing Corporation Director-General Hamdallah Al Nabulsi explained that those see-

were given the choice of saving up monthly for the first instalment according to a plan drawn up by and rural affairs and the env- the corporation or to pay the first ironment, and chairman of the instalment two months before He added that the board of

administration has submitted a memorandum to the cabinet seeking an amendment of the housing system to allow a period of 25 years instead of 20 for paying the instalments on housing units.

University president receives families of Petra accident victims

AMMAN (Petra) - University of such cases. Jordan President Abdul Salam Al oversumed last February killing the victims. nine of the University faculty and students.

according to originality, accuracy Dr. Majali said a university Mrs. Mu'asher had encouraged committee has been formed to colparticipants by offering cakelect contributions and the resdecorating classes, proceeds of ponse was great. He said at the top which also went to the needy. "It of those who contributed was His all was for a good cause," com-Majesty King Hussein, who taught mented one of the participants. us many lessons on how to act in

Dr. Majalithen handed over the Majali received on Monday the sums of contributions made by the families of the accident victims university faculty and students as when a university bus collided and well as citizens to the families of

> The meeting was attended by Deputy President for Administrative Affairs Rashid Al Digr. Vice President for Medical Affairs Abdul Wahhab Al Borollosi, and a number of faculty deans.

to strengthen democracy AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty itimate struggle against the Israeli King Hussein received at the Royal Court on Monday the spea-

NCC Speaker Suleiman Arar delivers the Council's reply to His Majesty King Hussein's address a

NCC hails King's eagerness

(NCC), where NCC Speaker Suleiman Arar submined to King Hussein the council's reply to the King's address at NCC's first sess-The NCC expressed suppon of Mr. Arar read the reply before

the King in the presence of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan. Prime Minister Mudar Badran, Royal Court Chief Ahmad Al Lawzi and Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid. The NCC said in its reply that

the opening of the third NCC session. [Petra photo)

the King's first visit to the NCC indicates that the Jordanian leader is eager to strengthen constitutional institutions and democratic life in the country, including freedom of expression and speech and responsible dialogue within the framework of objectivity and positiveness for the sake of public interest.

ker and members of the third

National Consultative Council

ion last Tuesday.

The reply also said that the King's address to the third NCC was a torch lighting the path. explaining the conditions of the Arab Nation, and focusing on the ways for its salvation.

The speech was also a genuine and truthful expression of Jordan's stands and the aspirations of is people, which were and still are, an extension of the mission of the Great Arab Revolt to achieve its goals of unity, freedom and hetter life for us and for all the Arabs." the NCC reply said.

The NCC hailed the steadfastness of people in the occupied Arab territories in their legoccupation and their national rprising to rescue the holy places from Zionist violations.

The unity of their struggle against the Zionist enemy has foiled its conspiracies represented in the Village Leagues, the civil administration, and autonomy," the

lrag's just war against the ambitions of the Iranian regime--a war which was imposed on Iraq-although Iraq is showing a genuine desire to stop the fighting and reach an honourable and just settlement guaranteeing its rights to its territories and waterways and establishing a new relationship with Iran based on good neighbourliness and noninterference in the domestic affairs of any country.

The NCC expressed happiness at the liberation of Sinai from the Israeli occupation, and expressed the bope that the "liberation of Sinai would be the beginning of Egypt's return to the Arab fold to liberate every inch of the occupied Arab territories in order to achieve a just and comprehensive peace in the area."

It said this peace cannot be achieved uoless occupation is eliminated from all the occupied Arab territories. Jerusalem is restored to Arah sovereignty, and their right to s their night to establish their independent state according to their session.

The council expressed sadness at Arab splits and divisions, leading some Arab countries to preoccupy themselves with peripheral rather than the fateful Arab issues. It said it could not find an excuse for those who are trying to "sink the ship upon which the Arab Nation sails" by supplying fran with weapons, exaetly as Israel is doing, or by disrupting the flow of Iraqi oil.

The NCC also expressed disappointment at seeing traq being stabbed in the back, and Arabs entering into an alliance with Israel against lraq directly or indirectly, providing the opportunity for the implementation of the big plot against the unity of the Arab Nation, heritage and dignity, and preparing the suitable climate for the Zionist enemy to continue its aggression against Lebanon and to continue its repression and humiliation of the residents of the

occupied Arab territories. The NCC praised the King's persistent efforts to unify Arab ranks to serve the supreme Arab cause and to pool Arab resources

for achieving Arab goals.

The NCC pledged that it will work side by side with the govemment to carry out the country's development plans and expand public services.

Meanwhile, the NCC social and the Palestinian people exercise educational committee will hold on their national soil, including will discuss the general broadlines of the committee work during this

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BRITISH LADIES OF AMMAN

Meeting to be held at Sheraton Hotel Wednesday May 5, at 10 a.m. There will be a talk given by

DR. SAMIRAH BABAN

Creche available

participants in the course, where he affirmed that all citizens cooperate with the Civil Defence Dir-

on Cerebrai Paisy.

WHAT'S GOING ON

the citizens.

Exhibitions

Housing Bank employees

train in civil defence

- Paintings by Ibrahim Al Shalabi, at the British Council.
- Carnet de Vojages, colour photographs by Emmanuel Jarry, at the French Cultural Centre.
- *Trajectory 80: Spanish paintings at the Jordan National Gallery.

Seminar

* On huilding Material Additives, sponsored by Leitl -- Kuenburg, with the Royal Scientific Society at the RSS Building Material Department at 10 a.m.

Today's weather

It will be fine, and clouds will be at different levels. Winds will be westerly moderate. In Aqaba, it will be fair with northerly moderate winds, and sea calm.

	Overnight low	Daytime high
Amman	10	25
Agaba	17	29
Deserts	12	27
Jordan Valley	14	30

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 22, Aqaba 30. Humidity readings: Amman 24 per cent. Aqaba 43 per cent.

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at the Spanish Cultural Centre Hall Queen Zein St.

The exhibition continues

Jabai Amman 1st Circle

till May 12.

The World News Magazine

Bombs on Argentina: British war plan

Reagan: "Ready to help" (with cover story on Falklands crisis)

"Peace is the path of the future": Mubarak (with Mideast report)

Making of a president (moderate banker to lead El Salvador)

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Gather around, kiddies

WE HEREBY nominate U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig for the 1982 Captain Kangaroo Award for Exceptional Ability to Inhabit Worlds of Fantasy and Make Believe. Mr. Haig told a magazine interviewer earlier this week that there were reasonable prospects for success in the Palestinian "autonomy" talks that have been underway between the United States, Israel and Egypt for the past several years. He said, however, that reasonable prospects required that the parties did oot get into areas involving major policy differences, such as the future of Jerusalem and the ultimate status of the Israeli-occupied West Bank. What, then, do the oegotiators get into? The meteorology of the Holy Land?

Never mind, for the moment, that we and most of the rest of the Arab World have repeatedly rejected the autonomy talks as a well-meaning but hollow exercise in mediagenics. Barbara Walters may have been fooled, into thinking that peace was at hand, but oot many other people were. The esseoce of American policy-making in the region, reflected in the autonomy talks, is that the Palestinians can only be handled within the context of Israeli military and political superiority. Therefore we have extraordinary statements such as Mr. Haig's exhortations to stay away from the real issues and thereby succeed in the autonomy talks. This is simply another way for Mr. Haig to camouflage his country's strange subservience to Israeli whims and fears. Is Alexander Haig the secretary of state of the United States, or, in weaker moments when the work becomes overwhelming, is he a launderer of Israeli mania?

When the American secretary of state suggests to stay away from the question of Jerusalem and the ultimate status of the West Bank, one has the right to ask Mr. Halg: Who's in charge here?

DE FACTONOMICS

By T.A. Jaber

Promoting Jordan's image

to promote its image abroad in order to achieve various desirable

objectives including: Strengthened relations with other countries:

- A share in international inf-Active business and economic

relations: - To make its own citizens convinced of the weight their country has in world affairs;

- The propagation of a distinct ideology or a specific approach to national progress.

Numerous, measures are being taken to promote a country's image. A rich and big country may open cultural centres, invite prominent visitors from abroad, produce television programmes, conclude cultural agreements offering fellowships,... etc.

A "revolutionary" regime tends to be obsessed by its own continuity, the need for which they put down as equal to the promotion of the country's image. Tons of pam-phlets about the chief of the party or junta, his life, statements and actions are printed io many languages. Journalists are invited

Every country recognises the need from all over the world to "heroic" activities which rank as the "first" or the "best" in the world or at least in the Third World.

Jordan cannot afford the first approach nor believe in the second. It developed its own, which is based on the Jordanian citizen and his qualities and abilities. He as a private person is much more coovincing and his impact and contacts know no limits. This applies to Jordanians at all levels, from the top leadership down to a Jordanian student or worker abroad.

Jordanians are well known for their discipline, hard work, moderation and open-mindedness. A government official promotes Jordan's image through his correct behaviour at a conference or a regional gathering. A private businessman does the same by informing his counterparts about Jordan's economy and other prevailing cooditions. Both, the official and the husinessman, identify their message with that of their country and they do so voluntarily. No strict instructions are dictated to them nor pursued by secret ser-

We have recently taken a more

sophisticated approach in promoting Jordan's image. Recently. I have read two booklets to this end. The first one is produced by the Research Department of the Ceotral Bank of Jordan and is entitled "Jordan: Capabilities and Potentials". The booklet is written in Arabic and was submitted to the Arab meeting of investors which was held a mooth ago in Taif,

Saudi Arabia. The second booklet was written by Ali Dajani, Director of the Amman Chamber of Industry and is entitled "Jordan: A Base for Regional Enterprises." written in English, the booklet is mainly addressed to noo-Arab Englishspeaking businessmeo.

Both publications, produced through semi-official and private efforts, represent a move towards an organised dissemination of informatioo to non-Jordanians about Jordanian economic strengths and potentials. They offer to the interested reader concise and comprehensive information about Jordan's development plans, financial institutions, investment incentives

profiles, as well as statistical data and useful addresses to hotels, embassies, banks, airlines and

These efforts should not go unnoticed should but be highlighted and complemented, (There were) Similar books have earlier beeo published (precedents before) by the Ministry of Information, the Ministry of Industry and Trade and the Amman Chamber of Industry.

These booklets are also useful to Jordanians including diplomats, bankers, Alia offices abroad, and

Promoting Jordan's image is a continuous daily endeavour. Therefore, these booklets should regularly be up-dated and expanded. Major industries and establishments may against a free wish to publicise their names. This could make the printing of similar booklets self-financing and more appealing.

We must also coordinate our promotional activities and the factual investment conditions. Government procedures relating to and opportunities, government licensing and approving new proregulations, recommended project jects should be streamlined.

The Falklands crisis: the Israeli connection

By Ibrahim Abu Nab

There is more than what meets the ordinary eye in the Falklands crisis. One needs a telescope in order not only to see the remote islands but also to see what is behind the crisis. Some of us, unfortunately, see only with ooe eye ...

Naturally, we feel somewhat hurt wheo we see the U.S. and Europe take the U.N. resolution on the Falklands so much to heart because it favours Britain, while they do not give similar resolutions on Palestine equal atte-

We also wonder why Europe reacted so decisively and solidly and stood behind Britain in boycotting Argentina and hesitated so much on its so-called European initiative on the Middle East.

But we allow such feelings to cloud our vision and obscure the facts of the Falkland crisis without so much as asking whether the crisis has any direct or indirect bearing on our Middle East problem. The facts are starting to show a different picture.)

Britain was decidedly taken unawares by the Faiklands crisis much, as was the rest of the world. The problem, between Great Britain and Argeotina was not totally new. It had been simmering for a long time. But few people in the world expected it to surface in such big proportions and at such a

The timing is perhaps very significant. Lord Carrington, the former British Foreign Secretary was in Brussels on his way back from Israel wheo the crisis started. Carrington, we suspect, was trying to make the Europeans do some-thing about the Middle East. The Israeli anger at Lord Carrington was evident. Begin lectured the British minister on the Jewish holocaust. The Israelis who had warned France not to interfere in the Middle Easiern problem but pay more attention to matters at home, such as Corsica must have liked to make a similar warning to

Carrington was asked urgently to come to London and face Parliament. The members of the House of Commons, who were described as baving taken leave of their senses on the Falklands, were up in arms wondering how and why His Lordship was so concerned about the Middle East while allowing fires to light at home. The poor man was made to look like a fool and resign because, as he admitted, he did that and he was responsible!

I was at the time in London and couldo't help but feel the fingers of international Zionism in the ie. However, it theo seemed too far fetched to connect the Faikland crisis with the Middle Eastern. As it turns out, facts are now emerging to show more of the real picture. These facts are still a tip of the iceberg. One such fact that the Argentines allowed some British journalists board a missile boat at a time when other British jouroalists were being arrested and interrogated for spying! Wheo observers wondered why, it did not occur to them that it was an Israeli way to get a message home. The boat was Israeli made!

Other facts: South Africa, a close ally of Israel, was one of the few countries to receive advance information on Argentina's plans to invade the Falkland Islands. It took the form of consultations during a visit to South Africa last year by General Mario Benjamin Mencadez who then was Argentina's chief of staff and who, has been appointed military governor of the Falklands. The coosultations centred on whether South Africa would offer Simoostown naval base to the Royal Navy in case it tried to recapture the Falkland Islands after they had been occupied by Argentina. One would have expected South Africa to be glad to give Britain the base if Britain would risk its reputation and the Third-World goodwill. But the South Africans seemed to assure the Argentine general than such a thing would not happen. They thus assured themselves of a lever to use against Britain. The same and similar levers could be used by Israel against Britain.

The discussions between Argentina and South Africa must have extended to include the other members of the semi secret South Atlantic Treaty Organisation (SATO) which was set up in 1977 and is said to include South Africa. Argentina, Uruguay and Paraguay with a strong Israeli parmership. SATO must in the first peace have been conceived by International Zionism and Israel for strategical as well as military, political and commercial reasons. The cost of developing a sophisticated arms industry could not have been borne by Israel alone. Moreover, this industry needed markets.

It is said, that while the Carter administration could not openly support or confess the existence of such an alliance, it gave Israel all needed permits 10 manufacture American arms and sell in Latin America. There was also much talk about an American coverum for an Israeli-South African nuclear explosion in the South Atlantic. We know very little about Argentina's possible role in such an undertaking, but we do know that Argeotina is well on its way to join the nuclear club together with Pakistan if not others.

The Reagan administration is said to have accepted SATO. In June 1981, the countries involved held a private meeting in Buenos Aires. This meeting is rumoured to bave been attended by General Vernoo Walters, former deputy director of the Central Intelligence Agency. In the light of all this, one can hardly expect the Argentine invasioo of the Falklands to bave been born out of Jupiter's head or the heads of the Argentine junta alone. But it must land all concerned, especially Israel, in British bot waters.

We now bear that the British government has asked Israel not to Supply more arms to Argentina. And the U.S. may yet reap the results of Israel's folly.

A promising anniversary

AL RA'I: His Majesty King Hussein assumed his constitutional powers 29 years ago. The King carried the flag of the Great Arab Revolt and dedicated himself to continue the march initiated by that revolution. The Jordanian people followed King Hussein on this road to freedom and unity. The King and the people has spent relentless efforts to achieve their aspirations and noble goals.

Looking back at their march under the leadership of King Hussein, the Jordanian people feel proud. They look up to the captain of the ship who was able to overcome the worst tempests and difficulties and accomplish prosperity and glory for his

Jordan takes great pride in what has been achieved under the leadership of King Hussein, particularly in the economic and social fields. They take even more pride in Jordan's long stand of confrontation with the enemy and in the marryrs who fell and are falling in Palestine and in every Arab land threatened by agg-

Jordan's distinguished status at Arab and international levels is due to the original pan-Arab principles the King believes in and

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

tries hard to interpret into action by supporting brothers, lifting oppression and trying to regain Arab rights.

Celebrating the 29th anniversary of His Majesty King Hussein's assumption of his constitutional powers, the Jordaniao people sieze the occasion to renew their pledge of loyalty to the King and to reiterate their determination to continue the march with the King hoping to accomplish the message of the Arab Revolt and to restore to the Arab Nation its glory and proper status among world nations.

Who's your friend?

AL DUSTOUR: The Uoited States stand oo the Argeotina-Britain dispute is very much like its stand oo the Arab-Israeli conflict. The United States is supporting the British military campaign against the Falkland Islands as it bas been supporting the Ziooist invasion of Palestine and the Arab territories ocar it.

Despite the fact that the Argentine rulers consider themselves the United States closest friends, this has been their first experience of contradicting the United States. They have however accepted the challenge, the Western siege and the complete Eastern neutrality and have prepared themselves to confront the situation alone. They are now confronting the British fleet supported by the United States and the West as they at the same time are facing the Western influence in the Security Council resolution. But because the Argentine rulers have considered the islands Argentine land, they are determined to defend these islands regardless of the consequences.

During the past 30 years, the United States imposed itself oegotiator between the Arab and the Israeli parties. The United States has not masked the fact that it supports Israel.

Despite our bitter experience with the United States and despite the fact that a great number of Arabs have exposed the U.S. in its role of supporting Israel, there are still some Arabs who think well of the United States. This will only result in encouraging the United States 10 ignore Arab rights.

The Arab states are to blame for this situation. Were these states to sidestep their differences, unite and mobilise their strength they would be able to confrom the Zionisi enemy and put an eod to its expansion.

JORDAN TELEVISION

CHANNEL 3

CHANNEL 6

7:45 8:00 8:30

... Саптоопя Children's Programme
Children's Programme 7:00 7:20 Local Programme Local Programme Local Programme Arabic Series Islamic Education in Jordan Arabic Series News in Arabic

. News in English 10:15 **RADIO JORDAN**

French Programme News in French

. News in Hebrew

033 KNZ	am & 33 mhz fm
7:00	Sign on
7:01	Morning Show
7:30	News Aulletin
7:40	Morning Show
10:00	News Headlines
10:30	Pop Session
11:00	Sign off
12:00	News Headlines
	Pop Session
	News Summary
	Pop Session
	News Aulletin
	News auneum
14.30	Instrumentals
	Country Music
15:00	Concert Hour
t6:00	News Summary
16:03	* < rumeotals
16:30	Uto Favourites
t7:00	Science Report
17:30	Pop Session
18-00	News Summary
19-63	Top Twenty
18.20	lop twenty
10.40	Top Twenty
17700	News Desk

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1413 KHz

O4:00 Newsdesk 04:30 The Art of Julian Bream 04:45 Financial News 04:55 Ref-lections 05:00 World News 24 Hours News Summary 05:30 The Modet 05:45 The World Today 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Gloria Hunniford 07:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 07:30 World of Wind and Same 07:35 News World of Wind and Arass 97:45 Net-work U.K. 08:00 World News: Ref-lections 08:15 The Aridge of San Luis Rev 08:30 The Haydn Years 09:00 World News; British Press Review 09:15 The World Today 09:30 Financial News 09:40 Look Ahead 09:45 Dis-covery 10:15 Classical Record Review 10:30 It blakes Me Laugh 11:00 World News; News about Britain 11:15 Letter from London 11:25 Scotland this Week 11:30 Sports International 12:00 Radio Newsreel 12:15 Famous Pianists of the Past 12:45 Sports Round-up 13:00 World News: 24 Hours News Summary 13:30 Network U.K. 13:45 A Jolly Good Show 14:30 Haunted 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Outlook 16:00 World News: Commentary 16:15 Plato's Republic 16:45 The World Today 17:00 World News; Meridian 17:40 Scotland This Week 17:45 Sports Round up 18:00 World News; News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreel 18:30 Nature Note-book 18:40 Farming World 19:00 Outl-ook: News Summary 19:39 Stock Mar-kel Report 19:43 Look Ahead 19:45 The Motel 20:80 World News: 24 Hours News Summary 20:30 With Great Pleasure 21:15 Two's Company 21:30 Plato's Republic 22:00 World News; The World Today 22:25 Scotland This Work 22:30 Financial News; 22:40 Reflections 22:45 Sports Round up 23:00 World News; Commentary 23:15 New Waves 23:30 Meridian

VOICE OF AMERICA

03:00 Daybreak 04:00 The Breakfast

English; news 20:1S Music USA (Jazz) 21:00 VOA World Report **AMMAN AIRPORT**

ARRIVALS	
	Cairo (ÉA)
8:55	Aqaba
	Cairo
	Jeddah
9:40	Dhahran
	Kuwait
	Beirut
1[:10	Riyadh (SV)
tS:30	Kuwait (KAC)
16:00	Larnaca (CY
16:45 Co	penhagen, Athens (SK
16:45	Copenhagen, Geneva
	Cairo
	New York, Amsterdam
17:39	Cairo (EA)
	London, Paris
	Madrid, Tunis
18:00	Cairo
1940	Rome (Alitalia)
18:55 Ams	terdam, Athens (KLM)
	Rome
	Tripoli
	Frankfort (LH)
	Beirut (MEA)
	Cairc
	Damascus
<u> 12:30</u>	Baghdad
	Ankara

Americana, science, culture, letters cial English Science and technology 16:1S Feature: Science in the News 16:30 Now Music USA 17:00 News Roundup 17:30 Oateline 18:00 Special English: news, feature "The Making of a Nation." 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Rounup; reports, opinion, analy-ses. 19:30 VOA Magazine 20:00 Special

NOTE: The following airport arrivals and departures are provided to the Jordan Times by the Alia information department at Amman Airport, Tel. 92205-6. They should always be verified by phone before the arrival or departure of the flight.

OEPARTURES:

ARRIVALS
8:00 Cairo (EA)
8:55 Aqaba
9:00 Cairo
9:30 Jeddah
9:40 Dhahran
9:45 Kuwaii
10:15 Beirut
11:10 Riyadh (SV)
tS:30 Kuwait (KAC)
16:00 Larnaca (CY)
16:45 Copenhagen, Athens (SK)
16:45 Copenhagen, Geneva
17:00 Cairo
17:15 New York, Amsterdam
17:30 Cairo (EA)
17:39 London, Paris
17:45 Madrid, Tunis
18:00 Cairo
18:05 Rome (Alitalia)
t&55 Amsterdam, Athens (KLM)
19:30 Rome
19:30 Tripoli
19:50 Frankfert (LH)
20:30 Beirut (MEA)
22:00 Cairo
22:05 Damascus
22:30 Baghdad
00:20 Cairo (EA)
00:20 Ankara
00±30 Baehdad

..... Aqaba Cairo (EA) Beirut (MEA) . London (BA) Athens, Amsterdam (KLM) Rome (Alitalia) 11:00 t t:30 12:00 12:30 12:30 16:30 18:30 t8:30 19:00

Tunis, Casablanca Kuwait (KAC) Baghdad Cairo (EA) 19:15 Ohahran

19:50 — Abu Dhabi 20:00 — Cairo 20:15 — Bangkok 21:00 — Bangkok 21:15 — Oubai, Muscat 01:15 — Cairo (EA)
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DOCTORS:
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irbid: Fakhri Haddad
PHARMACIES: Ammen: Al Salam 36730 Abu Ghazaleh 25290 Al Hawamdeh (—) Salim (—) Al 'A'idin 72861
Zarqa:(—)
Irbid: ,
TAXIS:

CULTURAL CENTRES

American Centre	4152
British Council 3	61474
French Cultural Centre	
Goethe Institute	
Soviet Cultural Centre	
Spanish Cultural Centre	
Turkish Cultural Centre	
Haya Arts Centre	
Al Hussein Youth City	
Y.W.C.A.	
Y.W.M.A.	
Amman Municipal Library	
University of Jordan Library 8	
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PRAYER TIMES

Fajr	3:16
Sunrise	4:46
Obuhr	
'Ast	
Maghreb	6:21
'Isha	7:50
CHIDCH	156

Church of the Annunciation (Re Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh 37440 St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman 24500 De la Selle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein 66428 Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali 23541 Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman 23585 Armenian Orthodox Church Ashrafieb an Catholic Church Ashrafieb 7133t an International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani 63249 St. Ephratm Church (Syrian Orthodox)

MUSEUMS

Ashrafich 7175t

m: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916, Sports City, Amman.

Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m., Sunday to

Folkdore Museum: Jewelry and costurnes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th ceoluries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5

Saudi riyal

Kuwaiti dinar

Egyptian pound

p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760 Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tuesdays, Tel. 37169

Jordan National Gellery: Contains a col-

LOCAL EXCHANGE RATES Omani riyal U.S. dollar .. (for every 100) (for every 100) Dutch guilder ... U.K. sterling . 619.7/623.4

Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays. Tel. 30128 26.5/26.7

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lection of paintings, ceramics, and sea

ipture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a

collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jaba

. 1202/12**08** . 335/339.3 .. 175.9/177 Belgian franc **USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS**

Ambulance (government)	7511t
Civil Defence rescue	61111
Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency)	36381-7
Municipal water service (emergency)	71125-6-7-8
Police headquarters	1A106
Najdeh roving patrol rescue police,	/English snoken!
24 hours a day for emergency	21111. 37777
Airpon information (ALIA)	92205/92206
Jordan Television	73111
Radio Jordan	74111

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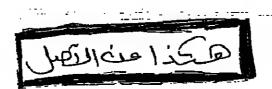
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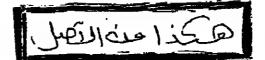
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MARKET PRICES

Tomatoes	140	Apples (Golden)
Eggplant (small)210	t60	Apples (Double Red)
Potatoes (imported)	150	Apples (Starken)
Marrow (small)	100	Lemons
Marrow (large)	70	Oranges (Shamouti)
· Cucumber (small)	250	Oranges (Valencia)
Cucumber (large)	200	Cauliflowers (white)
Hot Green Pepper	250	Carrot
Sweei Pepper 400	300	Титря
Cabbage 90	70	Beet
Onions (dry)	100	Lettuce (a head) ,
Green onions	60	Radish
Spinach	90	Sage
Coconin (piece)	280	Chard Complementaries and Property and Prope
Beans	300	Paraley MANAGEMENT TO THE PARAGEMENT OF THE PARA
Bananas	200	Grapefruit
· Bananas (Mukammar)	180	Apples (American)
Peas	160	Apples (Japanese)
Gartic 550	450	Apples (African)
Green Almonds per 1/2 pounds 400	300	Grape leaves
Potatoes (local)	150	Water Mellow (Mulikhiyah)
Broad Beans	90	Apples (Turkish)
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Netherlands may drop plans to buy Soviet gas

AMSTERDAM (R) — The Netherlands expects to drop its plan of buying some two billion cubic metres per year of Soviet gas, a spokesman for the state gas utility NV Nederlandse Gasunie in Groningen said Monday.

"The plans are on ice at the moment, but it is likely negotiations will be halted definitively soon," the spokesman said.

Dutch gas sales continue to fall, which means there is less need for additional imports.

The spokesman said negotiations with the Soviet Union could always be reopened but government sources said it appeared unlikely that the Netherlands would buy Soviet gas at any stage. A month ago Gasunie said the Netherlands still planned to buy the gas despite Moscow's failure to make use of a credit for buying Dutch pipeline equipment.

A credit arrangement by Dutch banks to finance the supply of Dutch equipment for the proposed 4,500 kilometre gas supply pipeline to Western Europe expired on March 31 and the Soviet Union had not shown any interest in using or in prolonging the arr-

angement. The Netherlands initially plamed to import four billion cubic metres of gas per year from the mid-1980s but in Februay Gasunie said it would only seek two billion, partly because of lower Dutch gas requirements.

Figures released Monday by Gasunie show a drop of 9.2 per cent in total Dutch gas sales in the first quarter this year over the first quarter 1981.

The total cost of the pipeline project is estimated at \$40 billion. France and West Germany have placed major orders and Italy, Austria, and Belgium are also int-

The United States opposes the scheme, saying it would make Western Europe too dependent on the Sovier Union for its energy.

AOSM to participate in standardisation meetings

AMMAN (Petra) - The Arah Organisation for Standardisation and Metrology (AOSM) will participate in the meetings of the International Standardisation Organisation, which will begin in Geneva

Secretary General of the Arah organisation, Dr. Zafer Al Sawwaf, will represent the organisation in the meetings. He left Amman for Geneva on Monday.

Dr. Sawwaf told the correspondent of the Jordan News Agency, Petra, that the meetings will deal with processing information, communications, and development. The participants will discuss the reports of the international organisation's liaison officers and the topics submitted for discussion on the use of calcuators to classify, store and convey information, he said.

The development committee will discuss the programmes for the developing countries, how to implement them and how to allocate the necessary appropriations for them, he said. Dr. Sawwaf added that the committee in charge of certificates will

discuss matters related to certificates given to various products to make sure that they are up to the standard specifications. This matter is of extreme importance for Arab exports and imports, he said. Five liaison officers are attending the meetings, including Dr. Saw-

waf in his capacity as a regional liaison officer for the Arab countries,

Bonn wants more employment

economic policy is applied psychology," say those politicians responsible for employment, prices and economic growth. In this respect there is unanimity between Washington and London, Paris or Bonn. But opinions vary considerably as to what the other half consists of. Should one rely on the "self-healing power of the market" or put one's faith in a revival of the economy and employment by means of state financial intervention.

In Bonn at any rate they are doing both. After long consultations -- with the trade unions among others - the Federal government has decided on new measures for improving the situation on the labour market. This is the aim of the "Joint Initiative for Jobs, Growth and Stability" Set up to reduce the problems of

unemployment by enlarging The Christian Democrats, who are investment

Bonus. Under certain conditions firms in the Federal Republic of Germany making mobile capital goods or buildings will receive a 10 per cent grant towards the costs budgetary savings. of manufacture. This measure is intended to trigger off a new bout of investment which in turn should stimulate a phase of fresh growth.

Over and above that a relaxation of the rent restriction laws is intended to resuscitate the building of homes while simultaneous tax measures are aimed at opening up new areas of building land. On top of that medium-sized firms will also be given the opportunity of taking upcredit at lower rates of

There is controversy as to how the planned measures should be financed. The Federal gov-Sheraton sets the emment's intention is to raise the Value Added Tax (VAT) by one | Style of excellence per cent to 14 per cent from the middle of 1983. The additional income this will bring in will prevent any increase in the State's indebtedness.

The reason why the proposed VAT increase is controversial is that its first effect is to increase the tax burden primarily on the consumer, thereby drawing off purchasing power and at the same time accelerating the rise in prices.

using their majority in the Bun-The Kernel of the government's desrat (a sort of upper chamber of plan is the so-called Investment parliament representing the States) to block the tax increase, oppose this way of financing the new measures for these reasons. and demand instead further How this controversy will end is

still open. What is of decisive importance, however, is that the kernel of the "Joint Initiative" namely the Investment honus to create more jobs, is accepted on all sides. This also applies to the trade unions even though they have had to grit their teeth to accept it because in their view the measures are far from being adequate to restore full employment.

EEC states expected to prolong Nigerian aide concludes talks mandatory cuts in steel output in Riyadh on emergency aid Mr. Dikko met Saudi Oil Minis-

BRUSSELS (R) — European Economic Community (EEC) governments are expected to move Tuesday towards agreement on prolonging mandatory output cuts on EEC steelmakers, diplomatic sources said.

The EEC commission has asked for an 18-month extension to the end of 1983 of its power to impose the cuts, which were due to be abolished at the end of June, m view of the depressed demand and massive losses still afflicting EEC steelmakers.

The sources said there was broad political agreement among EEC industry ministers, who meet here Tuesday, on the need to extend the crisis measures but important details remained to be hammered out and might delay a formal accord.

In particular, the duration of any extension remains an open question, with West Germany, which accounts for over a third of EEC steel output, apparently determined to limit it to a maximum of one year.

In a bid to avert conflict, the commission has suggested the cuts might be eliminated at any time if circumstances changed. But the sources said this and other issues could delay final agreement until another meeting scheduled for next month.

The ministers will also bave to decide precisely which products will be covered in any extension of the cuts. They are currently impo-sed on some 70 per cent of EEC production but the commission . has proposed extending its net.

Eurofer, the EEC steelmakers association, has already decided to extend until the end of 1983 its. voluntary accord on output cuts covering products not directly overseen by the commission.

The emergency reductions in production, first imposed in October 1980, are designed to avert million, from the fund.

chaos in an EEC steel market where the recession in major steel-using industries like construction and shipbuilding has threatened the existence of several

Since the last successful year for EEC steelmakers in 1974, some 30 per cent of the workforce bave lost their jobs.

AMF lends Sudan \$12m

ABU DHABI (R) — The Arab Monetary Fund (AMF) Monday extended a \$12 million three-year loan to the Sudan to meet a budget deficit, the fund said.

The credit carries an annual, interest rate of between 3.75 and 4.75 per cent. The Sudan bad previously

obtained six loans, totalling \$82

BAHRAIN (R) — Nigeria's special presidential adviser on energy. Mr. Mallam Yahya Dikko, left Saudi Arabia Monday

after seeking emergency financial aid to belp Lagos defend OPEC The official Saudi press agency

reported that Mr. Dikko, whose unexpected trip to the kingdom began on Thursday, had flown home from Dbahran but it gave no details of the outcome of the visit. The well-informed Middle East

Economic Survey said Sunday Saudi Arabia and the Gulf states were likely to give Nigeria aid it was seeking and estimated that about a billion dollars would be needed. Oil companies bave been pre-

ssing Nigeria to cut its price from \$35.50 a barrel into line with Britain's quote of \$31 for similar North Sea crude. Nigerian output fell to an estimated 900,000 barrels daily in late April from its

OPEC (Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries) quota of 1.3 million.

Saudi Arabia and other OPEC members fear that a tariff cut by Nigeria would trigger an OPECwide price collapse.

ter Ahmed Zaki Yamani and Finance Minister Mobammed Abal Khail during his visit. He also delivered a message to King Khaled from his president, Shebu

China taxes oil-consuming factories

PEKING (R) - China announced Monday a tax on factories which burn oil, domestic production of which is stagnant, in order to encourage them to use coal.

The New China News Agency (NCNA) said many factories found it cheaper to burn oil than coal, even though China's coal reserves are among the biggest in the world.

Attempts to conserve oil had met with little success, it added. In 1980 China aimed to save 4.19 million tonnes of oil by switching boilers and kilns over to coal, but in fact saved only 2.57 million Chinese oil production is stagnant at about 100 million tonnes

annually and is not expected to rise until offshore reserves come onstream in the late 1980s. NCNA said the new tax would be introduced as an experimental

measure from July 1. It ranges between 40 and 70 yuan (\$22 and \$39) per tonne of crude oil burned and 70 yuan per tonne of beavy oil.



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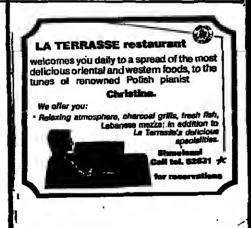
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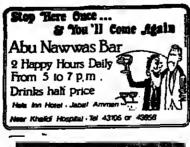






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Somethings Last Forever

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SPORTS

TENNIS TALK

Early preparation on the forehand

By Maureen Stalla

QUITE OFTEN players ask me to fix their forehands. "I'm not hitting it right," they invariably say. More often than not, their fault lies in improper preparation.

Frequently players are slow reacting to the ball. They stand. rooted to the court, until the ball bounces, before making a mad dash and wild swing at the ball. The inevitable rush makes it necessary to use a wristy, whippy action instead of a smooth stroke

The player must be in position early. If be isn't, there is no time to make split second adjustments to direction, pace, spin or bad hounce. The feet must be in position, that is, parallel to the

sideline and pointing to it. This position allows the weight to the transferred as the ball is hit.

Most important is the hackswing. As the opponent hits the ball, the player's racket should be brought back parallel to the ground m a smooth motion. This must be done before the ball bounces on the court. The sooner the racket is brought back, the more time the player has to concentrate on hitting and making a powerful shor. Some advanced players take a slightly oval backswing to gain a rythm. The danger here is in making a fancy loop consisting of wrist, and taking too much time, which defeats the purpose of establishing rythm.

It is best to take the racket straight hack long before the hall bounces on your side.

Paoli Rossi returns to Italian League soccer

ROME (R) - Italian international Paoli Rossi marked his return to Italian League soccer after a two-year ban with a goal in Juventus'

5-1 win over Udinese Sunday night. Rossi, 25, who was suspended for his involvement in Italy's soccer betting scandal, rounded off a dazzling comeback with a second half

Juventus' other marksmen were Antonio Cahrini (2), Domenico Marocchino and Antonio Virdis. The Turin club head the table by one point from Fiorentina, who were beld to a 1-1 draw by Inter

Roma and Napoli, third and fourth respectively, also fought out an ill-tempered 1-1 draw.

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Madrid civic officials eager to harvest World Cup gains from tourism

MADRID (R) - Madrid is banking on crowd-pulling nations winning through to the second stage of the World Cup to help it recoup some of the millions of dollars spent on preparations.

The World Cup only comes to the Spanish capital in the second round and for the final on July 11, so civic officials will be eager to harvest the gains from tourism that provincial towns will have been garnering since the tournament started

Their success in seeing a pro-fitable return on the seven million dollars spent on stadiums and the two million spent on other events may depend on the favourite nations making it to the second round and hringing their followers with them at the end of June.

Far from the beach resorts, Madrid is normally on the iti-

LONDON (R) - Frenchman

Jacques Chinon will not only win

the European middleweight hox-

ing title if he beats Britain's defe-

nding champion Tony Sibson here

Tuesday night. He will also tho-

roughly confuse the world ran-

kings.
Sibson, a muscular left-hooker

who has won 45, lost three and

drawn one of his professional

fights, is the World Boxing Cou-

ncil's number one challenger and

is marking time before being given

a shot at the ritle, currently beld hy

Should he lose to so modest an

opponent as Chinon, Sibson will

almost certainly drop out of the

world title reckoning. perhaps

American Marvin Hagler.

permanentiv.

WBC champion Sibson defends title

ion tourists who visit Spain each year, but for the six games fromJune 28 to July 5 and the final the capital is gearing itself for record numbers

City officials say the Madrid area normally gets about 250,000 tourists in July and could accommodate twice that number.

To prepare for the fans, the socialist city council bas earmarked more than two million dollars to clean-up monuments and parks and for a variety of other sporting and cultural events which will include the Rolling Stones, Cuba's national ballet and tennis star Bjorn Borg among oth-

The Santiago Bernabeu stadium, home to Real Madrid and the venue for three second stage games and the final, was fully

But the chances of an upset

appear slim. He has already bea-

ten Chinon once, stopping him in

eight rounds in June 1979, and the

Frenchman's record of 17 wins, 22

defeats and five draws is bardly

Perhaps Chinon's best hope is

that Sibson will produce the sort of

ragged performance that has mar-

ked a number of bis figbts against

lesser opponents. The Briton, 24

next week, looked a top-notch

fighter when stopping compatriot

Alan Minter, the former world

champion, and outpointing

world-class American Dwight

Davison in his last fight, but he

also has the capacity to look drea-

intimidating.

nerary of only a few of the 40 millmillion dollars and can scat 90,800 spectators.

A specially built footbridge joins it to the press centre across the road which until recently housed the conference on security and cooperation in Europe, scene of beated East-West debates over martial law in Poland.

Atletico Madrid has spent nearly two million dollars to improve their Vicente Calderon stadium, in the southern part of the city and with a capacity of 70,000, for the three other mat-

Under unfailingly hlue summer skies, Madrid has a lot to offer from the world-famous Prado

Museum to the bustling bars of the old quarter and its belt of celebrated medieval towns, Toledo. Segovia and Avila.

Although perched 650 metres above sea level on the dry Castilian highlands and swept by ky winds in winter, it is the summer heat which has moulded its way of

Life virtually stops between two and five p.m., when a fierce sun beats down on the wide avenues and, as the saving goes, "only dogs and foreigners wander outside,"

The city springs to life again at dusk. It is time to eat Tapas (small snacks), drink wine and listen to Flamenco singing in bars. Dinner is rarely served before 10

Vilas consolidates hold on 2nd place in Grand Prix rankings

LONDON (R) - Argentina's Guillermo Vilas consolidated his hold on second place in the Grand Prix tennis standings with his victory in the Madrid tournament Sunday. American Jimmy Connors still leads with 1,530 points.

- 1. Jimmy Conners (U.S.) 1,530 points.
- Guillermo Vilas (Argentina) 1,175.
 Ivan Lendl (Czechoslovakia) 775.
- 4. John McEnroe (U.S.) 525.
- 5. Johan Kriek (South Africa) 520. 6. Yannick Noah (France) 514.
- 7. Sandy Mayer (U.S.) 452.
- 8. Gene Mayer (U.S.) 435. 9. Vitas Gerulaitis (U.S.) 420. 10. Chip Hooper (U.S.) 410.

E. German wins Karl-Marx-Stadt race

KARL-MARX-STADT, East Germany (R) - East German Hans-Joachim Truppel won the annual Karl-Marx-Stadt Marathon Sunday in biting cold.

He clocked two hours 15 minutes 48 seconds to win comfortably from last year's winner compatriot Juergen Eberding. Another East German, Matthias Weller, was third.



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Entries will be accepted at increased fees until Wednesday May 19.

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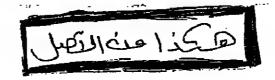
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From prime minister to labourers

Sri Lankan women enjoy equal rights

By Mallika Wanigasundara

COLOMBO — The constitution of Sri Lanka guarantees equal rights to women. This was the first country in the world to elect a woman prime minister, and it is more than 50 years since the first woman sat on Sri Lanka's State Council

But if the Buddhist ethic has gone a long way towards giving Sri Lankan women an equal place with men in the scheme of things, the process has not always been

Women make up 27 per cent of the country's labour force of 6 million, but the largest number of women are to be found in manual and semi-skilled jobs; very few hold high-level management and professional positions.

Despite societal constraints, women are beginning to find their way into these malc-dominated preserves. But Sri Lanka's women do not echo the shrill, aggressive tones of Western "Women's Lib". They are not in confrontation with men in that sense; nor would many of them want to be carbon copies of the male.

Both boys and girls have equal access to free state-paid education in Sri Lanka, from kindergarten to university. This makes Sri Lankan women more literate than most, and has made them more open to

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each squara, to form

four ordinary words.

CORUC

BANIC

THROME

HESTIF

JUMBIE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee

new ideas and less receptive to the the chefs are still men. traditional restrictions placed on women in all societies.

Sri Lanka's comparatively low hirthrate, at 2.7 per cent, is partly attributed to the high level of education among its women. More women are going out to work and postponing marriage. In 1946 they married at 20.7 years; in 1975 they were marrying at 25.7

Enrolment of wnmen in the universities is high - nearly half the total. Women have been entermg the professions m a bigger way than ever before. They have become doctors (35 per cent), dentists (39 per cent), attoneys at law 8.5 per cent), and chartered accountants (5.6 per cent), according to 1975 figures. The engineers are few, but even that situation is changing.

Large numbers still become teachers and nurses, the most traditional of occupations for women. Both government and private sector offices have their proportion of women clerks and stenographers.

In the booming tourist industry, which has become Sri Lanka's fourth largest earner of foreign exchange, there is a growing number of women - from travel agency executives to hotel clerks, from waitresses to housekeepers. Lanka is no exception to the situation that exists the world over --

COULD BE A PERFORMER IN

A FACTORY.

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

In these lower-level johs' women sometimes work in uncongenial conditions and receive poor wages. Women who work as farmhands within families that cultivate the land are often unpaid partners. On the plantations they pick the tea and help to process it in the factories. They tap the rubber, tend the tobacco fields, pick and cure the leaves, wrap the beedies (small local cigars), and. work in the fisheries.

They toil in the sun in the brick. and huilding industries. They help in the manufacture of anything from pins and envelopes to furniture, textiles, soap, and matches. And it is in these jnbs that there is legalised discrimination in wages. In all these industries wage rates are governed by Wages Boards. and in the unskilled and semiskilled grades women are paid less than men for equal work. In all other grades women are paid the same wages as men

There has been agitation among



Half of Sri Lanka's 14.7 million

people are women. Of its 5.94 mil-

lion labour force, 1.63 million are

women, according to 1981 figures.

The largest numbers of women

workers are found in the plan-

tations, in the fields, in all forms of

agriculture, where they form half

the work force. In the mines and

quarries, factories and industries.

women form 34 per cent of the

work force.

Sirimavo Bandaranaike, first woman prime minister in the world



Write as many cookbooks and romance novels as you like, but be less prolific with the CHECK book."

Peanuts



Print answer here: AN

Jumbles: FINAL AWOKE POSTAL BARREL

Answer: Could be the result of apinning a lot of tales— A WEB OF LIES







Mutt 'n' Jeff







Andy Capp









concerned and thinking women in Sri Lanka in recent years demanding that this anomaly - a legacy from colonial times - be corrected.

Women also figure very heavily in Sri Lanka's free trade zone at Katunavake. Of 18,000 workers in the FTZ, 85 per cent are women, performing jobs thay have never done before. They are making electronic equipment, cutting and polishing gemstones, turning out jewelry, footwear, leatherwork, electrical machinery, toys, musical instruments, sports goods, umbrellas, fishing gear, and all kinds of clothing. The work regime is strict in the

FTZ, but the money is good. It was from the women here that the first suggestions came that the govemment withdraw the prohibition on night work for women. Ten years ago the government signed the International Labour Organisation's Convention No. 89, which prohibits work for women past 10 p.m. Women, particularly in the FTZ, took the position that the han deprives them of opportunities to earn more, and militates against promotion. Some employers were accused of sbutting women out of certain jobs' because they were not allowed to work at night. The women demanded equal

work, equal pay, and equal opportunity for advancement. And they won their case. The government withdrew from the ILO convention in February this year.

Where the old stereotyping and prejudices are strongest is in the higher echelons of the public and private sectors. In 1980 women formed 6 per cent of higher-rung professionals, adminsitrators, and managers. Although this is a great improvement on the situation in 1948, when the country got its independence, the decisionmaking top levels are still maledominated.

The government is now trying to remedy this by appointing women as senior secretaries to ministries. In the private sector a few women have come to the top, but these are usually in smaller firms with family connections. While Sri Lankan women are

knocking on the doors to the real corridors of power, many at the middle and lower levels have been adventurously breaking into jobs that up to now have been considered exclusive male preserves. They are turning up in the army and the police. As engineers they work shoulder to shoulder with

men on the giant Mahaweli River diversion scheme, and women are prominent in other construction projects.

There is a huilding boom in Sri Lanka, but the carpenters, masons, 'bricklayers, plumbers, and other tradesmen have gone off in droves to the Middle East. - IDRC feature

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FORECAST FOR TUESDAY, MAY 4, 1982

YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A good day to make important decisions and then to enlist the support of your associates. Make plans for the future and expect prosperous results from your efforts.

ARtES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19] Once you have all the information necessary, you can approach a higher-up for the backing you need. Express optimism. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Come to a better accord

with persona in the husiness world. Engage in favorite hobby with congenials tonight. Be poised. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Strive for more harmony

with associates early in the day. An important civic matter requires your personal handling. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Don't be so

demanding or critical of nthers at this time. Evening is fine for checking up on your wardrobe needs. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 211 Discuss your aims with

asacciates and then get husy with the work required to. gain them. Take no chances with a foe. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Showing more than usual

affection for family members is wise at this time. Take needed health treatments. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Make appointments early

in the day and be sure to keep them. Shopping ahould be done before sundown today. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Plan bow to have more income and then contact key persons who can give the

support you need. Relax at home tonight. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21] Make your plans early in the day and be sure to follow them. Apply your

talents in the right manner for best results. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) You could have private anxieties which logical thinking can easily

remove. Improve your appearance. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) If you discuss business matters with a trusted friend, you can gain the advice

needed to make your operation a success. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Handle any vocational activity wisely and then make the right decisions with

others later in the day. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will want to do much experimenting early in life, but later will follow more practical channels. Teach to delve into philosophiea that will be beneficial to your progeny. Don't neglect ethical and religious training.

'The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

1982, McNaught Syndicate, Inc.

THE Daily Crossword By Margaret W. :

ACROSS 1 Traveled holder by air 25 Malica 44 Russlan 5 Stick 28 Heralds

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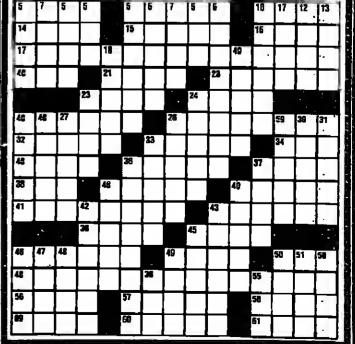
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martial law conditions "because of

a gradual normalisation of life."

overnight curfew.

They released 1,000 of the

Before the demonstration

began, a Roman Catholic deputy

called on the country's parliament

(Sejm) to consider reactivation of

Solidarity, suspended when mar-

tial law was imposed last Dec. 13.

the Seim should evaluate all pro-

posals designed to achieve natio-

nal agreement, including one by

Poland's bishops calling for the

restoration of suspended unions.

group which in general echoes the

views of the episcopate, also accu-

sed the state-controlled media of

He also announced that a

priority of his government would

be the recovery of El Salvador's

Mr. Magana is an interim pre-

sident. He was elected by the

assembly last week as a com-

promise candidate after a month

of haggling after a general election

on March 28 gave rightist parties

12 more seats than the centrist

Christian Democrats. The left

new constitution and decide when

direct presidential elections will

50,000 troops and militia were on

full alert Monday as Indonesians

prepared to vote in general ele-

ctions Tuesday for a new parlia-

ment, but the capital was reported

The assembly will draw up a

war-battered economy.

boycotted the elections.

Mr. Zablocki, leader of a tiny

Deputy Janusz Zablocki said

WORLD.

Polish riot police stop illegal demonstration

WARSAW (R) — Armed Polish riot police, firing tear gas canisters and water cannon, Monday broke up a demonstration in central Warsaw by more than 10.000

'Aldo Moro could have been saved

ROME (R) — A self-confessed urban guerrilla said Monday the Italian authorities might bave saved murdered former Prime Minister Aldo Moro if they had mounted a similar operation to the one which rescued U.S. Gen. James Dozier from the Red Brigades in January.

Antonio Savasia, 27, captured on Jan. 28 when police burst into a Padua apartment and freed the U.S. general, was testifying at a trial in which he and 62 others are accused of 17 Red Brigades mur-

Asked how he regarded state efforts to free Mr. Moro from the Red Brigades, he said "if the state (authorities) had carried out the same type of investigations mounted in the Dozier case they would have got to Moro's prison too."

GUERET, France (R) - Pre-

sident François Mitterrand said

Monday that recent terrorist att-

acks in France had foreign origins

and pledged himself to lead an

In a speecb to the people of this

central French town, Mr. Mit-

terrand said recent incidents sho-

wed France was being used as a

battleground for "international

"This terrorism is for the most

Two Syrian diplomats were

car bomb in central Paris killed

one person and injured 60 others.

Diplomats said France believed

BY CHARLES H. GOREN

@1982 Tribune Company Syndicate, Inc.

Q.1-As South, vulnerable,

+1096 ♥K8 +AQ1087543

The bidding has proceeded:

South Weat North East

Pass Pass 1 4 Pass 3 4 Pass 3 NT Pass

What action do you take?

A. - Some might criticize

your initial, tactical pass, but

that is nut the issue here.

Your hand is unsuited to play

in no trump, and you certain-

ly don't want to raise part-

ner's auit, which has not been

rebid, with only three-card

support. The only sensible

choice is a jump to five clubs.

Q.2-East-West vulnerable,

♠Q852 ♥ KQ6 ♥ K8 **♣** AQ104

The bidding has proceeded: East South West North Dble Pass 1 +

What action do you take?

A.—Since you have a

somewhat better than

minimum takeout double,

your hand is worth a move

toward game. But that does

not mean you bave to take

drastic action. A raise to two

spades expresses your values

Q.3-As South, vulnerable

♦AK76 ♥ AKQ952 ♦ J7 **♦**K

with 60 on score, you hold:

The bidding has proceeded:

South West North East

1 Pass 1 Pass 3 Pass 4 Pass

What action do you take?

A.-Now that partoer bas

cooperated in your slam ef-

fort, it is obvious that alam

depends on his diamond

holding. A jump to five

spades will show your con-

cern about the unbid suit,

and partner's next action

sbould depend solely on what

he holds in diamonds. If he

has second-round control, be

quite adequately.

as South you hold:

Pass ?

you bold:

part an imported article, made

antagonisms".

this year.

abroad," be said.

implacable battle to end them.

supporters of the suspended trade union Solidarity.

The police, wearing helmets and carrying shields, advanced on the crowd which had gathered in the cobbled castle square chanting pro-Solidarity slogans and singlog the national anthem.

There were no immediate reports of casualties, but several of the demonstrators were hustled away into the fleet of police and miditary trucks drawn up around the old town.

The demonstration began in the same fashion as the Solidarity march through the streets on May

Day.
But it was stopped as it reached the edge of the square by a line of some 50,000 people, to go ahead

defied dozens of vehicles brought into the old town by the security

forces during the morning. The protesters streamed into the square and on into a side street

Within minutes of the time when underground sources had said the demonstration would begin, the crowd began to clap in rhythm and chant slogans, including one calling for the release from internment of Lech Walesa.

Saturday's march, attended by blue-uniformed police, and was without interference, but they

2 contenders fight for Italian

ROME (R) — A struggle for leadership of Italy's Christian Democratic Party, which has provided every post-war prime minister except the present one, narrowed to two contenders Monday.

Luigi Ciriaco de Mita, 54. influential on the party's left wing,

the effects of terrorist and home-

taken the responsibility of con-

ducting it myself, the struggle aga-

inst all forms of terrorism will be

He added that the authorities

would ensure that civil liberties

were respected despite tight

waged implacably," he said.

security against terrorism.

"I can say straight away, baving

grown crime.

and former prime minister Arnaldo Forlani. 56 emerged as rival candidates for the post of party secretary at the party's six-

> Whoever wins the job when the 1,351 delegates vote later this week will play no formal part in government, but as head of the country's most popular party he

Mr. Forlani, defeated in a bid for the party leadership in 1976. was prime minister last year when a series of scandals forced the government to quit, making way for Republican Giovanni Spadolini to form a compromise coalition.

secret ballot, political analysts

Car bomb kills Italian contractor

REGGIO CALABRIA, Italy (R) -- A car bomb Monday killed a building contractor in south Italy who had received Mafia extortioo.

Gennaro Musella, 58, died when he switched on the ignition. His boobytrapped Mercedes car was blown across a street here by the force of the blast and a passer-by was seriously injured,

Syria had been involved in attacks on French people and property. Mr. Mitterrand, making his second trip to the French provinces since his election a year ago, appealed for solidarity to combat

GOREN BRIDGE

Police said his firm had recently received numerous threats and attempts at extortion from the

government working to secure peace in the war-torn country. Western pop culture among

Culture over the growing influence of Western-style pop cul-ture among young Russians, the that the discussion was timely and Communist Party daily Pravda expedient." Pravda said. said Monday.

traditional folk culture and "mindiessly copy the model of Western popular music." The soloist of one musical

group related with pleasure how people often smashed glass at NEW DELHI (R) - A decision

"The pulsing lights, the smoke screens and the convulsive rhythm of the music lead a part of the audience to tap its feet and whistle," the newspaper commented.

But opinions clearly differ within the Communist youth leacan go in discouraging the trend present.

without alienating young people.

A recent Ministry of Culture announced recently that the deal

"exchanges of opinion and heated arguments which demonstrated

previously relied almost entirely on the Soviet Union for its arms supplies, is keen to diversify its weapons purchases.

has said repeatedly that India

U.S. decision to provide Pakistan with the F-16 fighter-bomber.

strength is mainly in strike and experts said the Mirage 2000 is being bought mainly as a defen-

\$1 billion.

said the Indians were able to get a better deal with the French

that no negotiations are possible until Argentine troops withdraw, and by Argentina's claim that its assertion of sovereignty is non-

Despite the problems involved in U.N. mediation, diplomats believe this may now be the only way of getting the two countries to

Britain says Argentina has violated a U.N. Security Council directive by failing to withdraw, and Argentina says British attacks breach a U.N. call for a cessation

Further action in the Security Council could risk a veto by the Soviet Union. Moscow has openly sided with Argentina but has not eodorsed Argentina's armed tak-

Union may now launch a political offensive in trying to gain tactical advantages in Latin America by exploiting U.S. involvement on Britain's aide.

Lisbon to sue left-wing labour leaders over riots

LISBON (R) -- Political tension rose in Portugal Monday after the government threatened to take legal action against the country's main trade union leaders over the deaths of two workers in a May Day riot in the northern city of Oporto.

Leaders of the Communist-led labour movement met in Oporto to plan a new general strike.

A cabinet statement said the government planned to sue all the leaders of the CGTP-Intersindical, the country's largest labour confederation, for incitement to riot. It blamed the Oporto clashes entirely on Int-

The proposal to hold a general strike, the second in less than three months, will be put to the vote at a meeting of Intersindical unions Tuesday, but the Lisbon Communisı daily O Diario predicted it would take place within the next few days.

The deaths of the two young workers in the early hours of May Day after a night of violent clashes between riot police and Intersindical supporters in the centre of Oporto has radically changed the language used by the pro-Soviet Communist press.

O Diario's editor. Miguel Urbano Rodrigues, published a long article saying the Oporto incidents had shown up the ruling Democratic alliance to be fascism in disguise and claiming that the class struggle in Portugal was more acute than anywhere else in

The O Diario editor also cha-

llenged President Antonio Ramalho Eanes to use his powers to dissolve parliament.

Prime Minister Francisco Pinto Balsemao, meanwhile, left Monday for two days of talks with West German leaders, mainly on Portugal's bid to join the European Economic Community (EEC) by

Kreisky: Israel is warming up for big drive

NEW YORK (R) - Austrian Chancellor Bruno Kreisky says he believes Israel's recent air strikes into southern Lebanon are just the beginning of a much larger action and the key to Middle East peace is a solution to the Palestinian problem, Newsweek reported Mon-

In an interview published in Monday's international edition, Mr. Kreisky also characterised as "stupid" accusations of his being anti-semitic for criticising Israeli

He added that he is Jewish but not Zionist, which he described as "an excessive nationalistic ideal". Mr. Kreisky said Israel's recent air raids were only the beginning of

a much larger action. "(Israeli Prime Minister) Menachem Begin confirmed that the other day in a camouflaged way, saying that if the Palestinians

resist, he will announce a heavy action," Mr. Kreisky said, adding: "This means war." Indonesians go to polls today

went to PPP in the last elections.

of its kind in Indonesia. Security

officials believe that campaigning

should be limited and mass rallies

The campaign could be the last

Lebanese judges continue strike

officially announced.

MIDDLE

EAST

NEWS

King Khaled sees

Bangladeshi leader

BAHRAIN (R) - King Khaled

of Saudi Arabia and the military

ruler of Bangladesh, Lt.-Gen

Hossain Mohammad Ershad

Monday discussed bilateral rela-

tions and ways to consolidate

them. the official Saudi Press

Agency said. After the meeting in

the port city of Dammam on the

Gulf, Gen. Ershad flew to Jeddah

on his way to Mecca on a pil-

grimage, the agency said. It gave no other details of the meeting,

which was also attended by the

Saudi defence minister, Prince

Sultan Ibn Abdul Aziz. Gen. Ers.

had had earlier conferred with

Prince Sultan. He told the agency

their talks were held in an atm-

osphere of cordiality and und-

Bourguiba refuses

to pardon 3 murder

convicts in Tunisia

TUNIS (R) - Three Tunisians

condemned to death for murder

were executed in Tunis Monday at

dawn after President Habih Bou-

rguiba refused bis pardon, it was

crstanding.

BRIEFS

BEIRUT (R) — The Lebanese Supreme Judiciary Council Monday called on Lebanon's judges to end their week-old and resume their duties, state-run Beiru Radio said. About 340 judges went on strike last week to press the government for a longawaited 40 per cent salary increase. Many trials had to be adjourned.

Unrest in West Beirut following Sunday kidnapping

BEIRUT (R) — Shops closed and schools suspended classes in several oeighbourboods in predominantly Muslim west Beuut Monday as gunmen roamed the streets shooting in the air and calling for a general strike, security sources said. They said a local organisation called for the strike after the kidnapping of three members by unidentified abductors Sunday. The organisation was named as "Supporters of the revolution movement," a small faction of the Lebanese National Movement. The guamen's action led to the temporary closure of one of the three main crossing points betwcen west Beirut and the Christian east side but it reopened later and tension subsided, according to state-run Beirut Radio. Heavy gunbattles erupted late Sunday night between the paramilitary Shi ite organisation Amal and Lebanese leftist groups in the southern quarters of Beirut. No casualties were reported, the sources said. In the port of Tripoli. 80 kilometres north of Berru, schools and businesses closed Monday in protest at the shooting Suoday of two worsbippers inside a Maronite church. The gunman later blew himself up with a hand grenade. The incident was widely

talks in Kuwait

KUWAIT (R) - The forcign

ministers of Pakistan and Somalia Monday began separate talks with Kuwaiti leaders on Islamic issue bome.

A total of eight people including two foreign diplomats bave been killed in terrorist attacks in France threats, police said.

Mitterrand vows to crush

terrorist set-ups in France

expelled last month hours after a

they said. Musella owned a building firm with state cootracts for the motorway between Reggio Calabria and Salerno and a project to build a bridge linking the mai-

cue bids six diamonds, show-

ing the ace, you should leap

Q.4-As South vulnerable,

♦874 ♥K ♦9652 **♣09763**

The bidding has proceeded:

East South West North

Pass Pass Pass 1 +

1 T Pass Pass Dble

Pass 2 Pass 2 NT

What action do you take?

A. - So far, you bave shown

nothing of value, yet your

vulnerable partner has per-

sisted in trying to get to

game. He is, in effect, con-

tracting for eight tricks on

his own, and you bave an ex-

cellent hand for your bidding

to this point, including a key

card in the enemy suit. To

bid less than three no trump

would be an insult to partner.

Q.5-Neither vulnerable, as

♦854 ♥AK9 ♦ A109 ♠ J762

Your right-band opponent

opeos the bidding with one

diamond. What action do you'

A. - You have neither the

strength oor the shape for a

takeout double, especially since a considerable portion

of our strength is in the oppo-

Q.6-Neither vulnerable, as

+KO84 ♥A76 ♦9863 **486**

Your partner opens the bid-

diog with one beart. What do

A. - You have the values for

just one forward-going bid.

Should you reapond one

spade, you woo't be sure

wbat to do next no matter

what partoer rebids. As

against that, if you raise to

two hearts now, you can

cooperate enthusiastically

South you hold:

nent's suit. Pass.

South you hold:

you respond?

take?

to a grand slam.

you bold:

Pass ?

will bid six spades and you will, of course, pass. But if be

control them," it said.

The Pravda article was the latest and most authoritative in a series of press attacks on Western pop culture, labelling it a vulgar distortion and a moral threat to

young people.

ceful. Adm. Sudomo ordered troops last week to shoot on sight anyone trying to disrupt the elections, the third since President Suharto came to power after crushing a Communist coup attempt in 1965.

The polls, in which \$2 million of the 146 million population are

ucture in which the government's Golkar Party dominates parlia-Golkar, which is backed by the

registered voters, are not expected

to change the present power str-

At least 59 people were killed in violence and electioneering accidents during the campaign, but national security chief Adm. Sudomo expressed optimism that voting throughout would be pea-

powerful armed forces, won 232 the 360 elected seats in the 1977 elections. The other 100 seats in the 460-member parlia-

ment are reserved for presidential nominees, mostly military offi-The two other parties in the fray

are the Muslim Party (PPP) and the small Nationalist Party (PDI).

Golkar faces its toughest challenge in Jakaria where the PPP, campaigning on religious lines, appears set to make some gains.

Five of the 12 seats in Jakarta

banned in future. All campaigning was brought to an end five days ago for an officially-declared "quiet period" before the polls. Most shops were

closed Monday as a large number of people left the capital to surrounding home villages to vote. Foreign diplomats said Golkar should win at least 60 per ceot of the popular vote at the polls to maintain credibility. Anything

much less would call into question public support for the government despite its undoubted success in developing the country, they said.

The newspaper severely criticised some young musicians who, it said, betray the spirit of one of the most modern among developing countries was for the purchase of 40 Mirage sive measure against the F-16 - because of the visit bere last 2000s and more to be produced the aircraft used by Israel in its mooth of Soviet Defence Minister By Granville Watts

their concerts and how they requi-red large detachments of police to French Mirage 2000 combat aircraft will make the Indian Air Force one of the most up-to-date in the developing world.

The Indian Air Force line-up already includes the Anglo-French Jaguar strike aircraft, the and the advanced MiG-25 reconnaissance jet.

Now India has announced that it will buy the Mirage 2000, described by Defence Minister Ramaswami Venkataraman as a new generation of aircraft dership on how far the authorities superior to any plane India has at

Prime Minister Indira Gandhi

The Mirage purchase is widely believed to be in answer to the

fighter-bomber aircraft and

last year.

its first F-16s. The Mirage deal follows protracted discussions over a credit

Dassault-Breguet. No details on the credit terms have been issued here, but the independent French newspaper Le Monde said last April 16 that India had put down a five per cent

Unconfirmed reports in Delhi

tan is said to have 220 combat air-

Britain tightens grip around Falklands

By Sidney Weiland

LONDON (R) — Britain is pressing a finely balanced threepronged strategy in the Falklands crisis, hoping to force Argentina to settle for a political compromise.

With the two countries virtually at war, British policy is based on a combination of military, ecocomic and diplomatic pressures to try to wear down the ruling junta in Buenos Aires. While the military option loo-

sides said there was still a chance for diplomacy to work. But NATO alliance diplomats saw little prospect of a new mediation effort being mounted swifuly enough to head off the risk of

med largest this weekend, both

further fighting in the next few President Leopoldo Galtieri, in an angry television address, warned that Argentma "will always respond with fire" against Britain's use of force to restore its presence in the South Atlantic isl-

Britain, claiming success in att-

acks oo Argentine positions in the

Falklands, said military pressure

would be maintained.

Foreign Secretary Francis Pym said, "you tend to get a more satisfactory result if you negotiate from streogth." Both men spoke after British planes raided the only airfield in the islands, and warships in a for-

midable British battle fleet lobbed a barrage of shells at coastal installations. Britain regards its triad of options as interlocking and believes steady military pressure, especially in backed by U.S. logistical support, will combine with eco-

nomic sanctions and political str-

ams to compel Argentma to back But with Buenos Aires showing no sign of budging so far, military analysts believe Britain may be locked into a long naval blockade that could be punishing for both

countries. They forecast cootinuing Britisb raids on Argentine strongholds in the Falklands and sea and air action to isolate Argeotina's 10,000-man garrison by cutting off supplies.

War of nerves

But they thought for the time being Britain would be reluctant ply back-up at a mid-Atlantic sta-

to risk heavy casualties in a major offensive to retake the islands after four weeks of Argentine occupation.

This could mean a war of nerves while Britain waits for the Argentine junta to weaken, the analysts said. They doubted, however, that Britain would bold back from a major strike for more than a few weeks, at most, unless negotiations resumed.

New York. apparently in an attempt to enlist U.N. diplomatic Britain maintained its bombing involvement after the collapse of sorties Saturday knocked out the Port Stanley airfield, but Beunos Aires claimed Argentine defence

News analysis

capabilities were oot affected. If Britain can deny Argentina air and sea reinforcement. Argentine troops would be increasingly vulnerable under severe and unfamiliar winter conditions.

Britain's already powerful oaval

presence in the area would be enhanced if the Reagan admmistration acts quickly to fulfil a promise of material support for Britisb forces. Military analysts said U.S. belp

in providing midair refuelling for British Vulcan bombers and supging post on Ascensioo island could be decisive. Foreign Secretary Pym was in

Washington Sunday for talks with the Reagan administration following a U.S. decision on Friday to end its neutral stand and to impose sanctions against Arg-Mr. Pym was also conferring with United Nations officials in

American mediation. The U.S. sanctions are largely symbolic so far - Argentina has described them as "innocuous" but Britain hopes Washington will soon follow European Common Market countries in restricting trade with Argentina, a major

commercial partner. Britain believes an economic blockade could bite severely into the shaky Argentine economy, increasing the divisions which London officials claim already exist within the junta.

London-based diplomats believe the U.N. has only a limited chance in reviving negotiations when the U.S., with much greater leverage before it abandoned its neutral approach, failed.

U.N. Stalemate

The diplomatic option has been stalemated by British insistence negotiable.

consider a compromise solution.

of hostilities. Britain says it is acting under a U.N. charter provision which provides for the right of self-defence.

cover of the islands. Diplomats believe the Soviet

هكذا من النصل

with any game-going effort partner may launch. And if be passes two hearts, you are almost surely in your best

made it clear they would not per- announced they were relaxing then broken up. The Solidarity demonstrators mit a repetition of that dem-

onstration Monday. Sunday night the interior ministry issued a statement reminding 3,000 internees and lifted the people they needed a permit to stage marches or demonstrations and said anyone violating martial

law would be summarily punished.

Solidarity demonstrators was the

biggest show of force in the capital

against opponents of the Com-

munist rulers since the military

The vast majority of the dem-

onstrators were of student age, but

many middle-aged and elderly

people watched from the side-

lines, joining in the protest chants.

The May Day march and Mon-

day's developments followed a week in which the authorities

SAN SALVADOR (R) - Alvaro

Magana, a banker and political

independent. has taken over as

president of El Salvador and ple-

dged to work for an end to poli-

tical violence which has killed

30,000 people in less than three

But he implicitly ruled out

bargaining with leftist guerrillas as

civil war when he told deputies:

We have nothing to negotiate."

civilian-military junta. led by

Jose Napoleon Duarie of the

Christian Democrats, which was

In a ceremony Sunday at the

constituent assembly, he donned

the blue-and-white presidential

sash investing him with authority

to rule this tiny Central American

In his first official speech, he

told the oil assembly deputies and

a nationwide television audience

he would spend every day of his

republic of five million people.

ruled with U.S. backing for the

past two and a half years.

Mr. Magana, 56, took over from

means to ending a two-year-old

El Salvadorean president

leaves out talks with left

takeover last December.

Monday's action against the

to gather before St. John's cathedral, where a mass was being said.

leader of the union. The authorities allowed last

Christian Democrat leadership

day congress.

will be instrumental in choosing the next prime minister.

Mr. de Mita, with solid support on the left, appeared to have a numerical majority of votes but the stronger personality of Mr. Forlani might prove decisive in the

nland with Sicily.

Soviet youth worries Moscow MOSCOW (R) - A fierce debate 1 conference on the future of popuis raging at the Soviet Ministry of lar music concerts produced

later in India. The Indian government, which

must become more self-reliant Soviet MiG-23 fighter-bomber and Indian aircraft factories are already assembling Jaguars and MiG-21s.

The present Indian Air Force

attack on an Iraqi nuclear plant The Indians want the first batch

of Mirage 2000s within two years, about the time Pakistan receives

arrangement with the French government and the manufacturers,

deposit on the deal worth nearly

Mr. Ustinov is reported to have offered India the new Soviet MiG-27 aircraft and experts said that New Delhi was able to use this

Dimitry Ustinov.

as a bargaining point with the Aside from China, which has nuclear missiles and more than 5,000 combat aircraft, according to the International Institute of

Strategic Studies in Londoo, India and North Korea have by far the biggest air forces in Asia. The institute says India has about 615 combat aircraft, North Korea about 700. Vietnam 485 (many of them in store,) Japan 350 and South Korea 378. Pakis-

Pakistani, Somali aides begin

condemned by Muslims and

and relations between their countries and the Gulf state. Pakistan's Sahabzada Yaqub Khan, who arrived here Sunday night os a two-day visit at the start of a Gulf tour, was carrying a message from his president. Zia UI Haq, to the Emir, Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmed Al Sabah, officials said. Somalia's Abdirahman Jama Barre said its would discuss bilateral relations in i his talks with the emir and the foreign minister, Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmad Al Sabah. Mr. Yaqub Khan is due to go to Morocco Tuesday for a meeting of an Organisation of Islamic Conference committee on Jerusalem and then visit Saudi Arabia for two days. The government-cootrolled Associated Press of Pakistan (APP) reported Sunday that the minister would also visit one or two other Gulf statea before returning